

# NEWSLETTER

CANADIAN POLITICAL SCIENCE ASSOCIATION

VOL. II - No 3

January 1973

## REPRINT SERIES FROM THE JOURNAL

This is now the third Newsletter in which we have mentioned the series of reprints from the Canadian Journal of Political Science, and asked members to send in their choice of articles. The response has been very poor. Does this indicate that people do not think the series would be useful? Or does it merely show that people find it difficult to fill in forms? Please send in your suggestions, as the series cannot be a success without membership participation in the selection of articles. Just tear off the bottom of this page and sent it to the CPSA, c/o University of Ottawa, Ottawa K1N 6N5.

My choice of articles is:

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_

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*All correspondence  
relating to the newsletter  
should be directed to the editor:*

Caroline Andrew  
Department of Political Science  
University of Ottawa  
Ottawa K1N 6N5

THE 1973 WORLD CONGRESS  
&  
THE INTERNATIONAL POLITICAL SCIENCE ASSOCIATION

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With the World Congress of the International Political Science Association being held in Montreal in August 1973, a number of members have asked for additional background information about the IPSA and the Congress and Canadian participation in them.

The International Political Science Association

The IPSA was founded, with the aid of UNESCO, in 1949. It has consultative status with UNESCO and the Economic and Social Committee of the United Nations. Its main task is to sponsor the development of political science throughout the world. The main international activities of the Association are a triennial World Congress and intermittent Round Tables. The Congress in Canada is the first one to be held outside of continental Europe. The Round Tables bring together small groups of specialists on particular topics, are sponsored by the Association but hosted and financed by individual institutions in various countries. The two most recent Round Tables held in Canada were one on Experimental Techniques in Political Science at UBC in 1970 and another on Politics and Language held at Laval in 1972.

The IPSA has its official headquarters in Paris while its Secretariat resides with the Secretary-General, currently in Brussels. It is governed by a council formed of representatives of "Collective members" (national associations) or nominated individuals in countries where no association exists. This council meets at the time of each World Congress and also nominates an Executive Committee of fifteen members to run the affairs of the Association between Congresses. Befitting its role as the country with the second largest number of political scientists in the world, Canada was recently granted a third seat on the Council.

There are three types of membership in the IPSA: Collective members consisting of national associations; Associate members consisting of other national and international institutions interested in political science; and Individual members who are qualified political scientists. Individual membership costs ten dollars a year and, among other privileges, entitles the person to receive the International Bibliography of Political Science. For two dollars more, one may also obtain either the International Political Science Abstracts or the International Social Science Journal published by UNESCO. To join the Association send your name and a cheque to the International Political Science Association,  
27, rue Saint-Guillaume,  
Paris 7e, France.

Currently the President of the IPSA is Stein Rokkan and the Secretary-General is André Philippart. The Canadian representatives, nominated by the Board of Director of the Canadian Political Science Association and the Société canadienne de Science politique are Jean Laponce, Leon Dion and John Meisel. Jean Laponce is also on the IPSA Programme Committee.

#### The World Congress

The national associations of various countries invite the IPSA to hold its triennial World Congress in their country. They then become responsible for the local arrangements and for providing a certain quantity of funds for the organization of the Congress. However, the President of IPSA acts as Chairman of the Programme Committee and the International Association is entirely responsible for the Programme. Dissatisfied with the quantity of political science information received on host countries at past World Congresses, the IPSA delegated to Canada the responsibility of preparing a Canadian section for the 1973 Programme. Leon Dion and David Hoffman, Editors of the Canadian Journal of Political Science have been asked to organize this portion of the Programme which will consist of special evening sessions on the first three days of the Congress in Montreal. The President of the IPSA establishes a small Programme Committee which in turn selects rapporteurs-généraux to convene the various sessions and these persons in turn collect together the

"rapporteurs" who will actually present the papers.

The programme is divided into four sections. Habitually there are two major themes, one on international and one on domestic politics and each one of these themes is discussed under a number of specific headings which become "commissions" for which the individual rapporteurs généraux are responsible. Papers are both invited by the rapporteurs généraux and proposed to them by individual political scientists. The two major themes for the 1973 Congress are "Politics between Economy and Culture" for which Stein Rokkan is responsible and "Key Issues in International Conflict and Peace Research" for which Karl Deutsch is responsible. There was such a log-jam of papers at the last World Congress in Munich that it was decided this time to restrict the number of papers to be presented in each commission to ten, although other papers may be selected for distribution at the Congress. Each commission is allowed two working sessions of two and a half hours each to cover the papers that are being presented.

In addition to the two principal themes, and representing the ongoing developmental work of the IPSA, there are an additional number of sessions for Research Committees and Groups of Specialists. Research Committees are long-term, permanent committees adopted by the IPSA on the request of individual political scientists interested in a particular field of research that is actively being pursued in a number of countries. They have their own structure of chairmen and secretaries who look after continuing meetings of specialists working in these areas, Round Tables and meetings during the World Congresses. The Groups of Specialists might be called embryo research committees which have offered evidence that they are genuinely cross-national in character and that they have a prospect for continued co-operation. Each Research Committee is allowed three open sessions and space for closed sessions at the Congress, while each Group of Specialists is allowed one or two public sessions. (For the subject matter and details on the themes, Research Committees and Groups of Specialists, see the Congress Programme which is being distributed to each department of political science in Canada.)

Cost

On an exceptional basis, the national meeting of Canadian political scientists has been transferred from the Learned Societies meetings in June and the ACFAS meetings in October, so that they can be held this year at Sir George Williams University just prior to the World Congress, on August 18 and 19. This means that Canadian political scientists interested in attending our own meeting as well as the Congress will have to count on a stay of eight or nine days in Montreal. And Montreal is not the cheapest city in the world. In addition, there will be the regular registration fee of \$6.00 for the Canadian meetings as well as a \$30.00 registration fee for the World Congress. For those persons who do not register before July the 1st for the World Congress, there will be an additional registration fee of \$10.00. Finally, there is the cost of papers which, for the Canadian meetings will be .50¢ and for the International meetings \$1.00. A complete set of papers from the World Congress (for the two major themes, probably 150 to 200 papers) will cost \$50 although sets of papers for specific commissions can be purchased for \$5.00. Of course, this is to say nothing of the actual cost of getting to and from the Congress.

The CPSA has been aware for some time that this will place a heavy financial burden on Canadian political scientists. For two years now we have asked department chairmen to make sure that additional sums were placed in the travel budget for 1973 and we hope that they have acted on this suggestion. We have also asked that the regular travel grants that are made to us by the Canada Council and the SSRCC for the Learned Societies meetings be transferred to our annual meetings being held at the time of the World Congress. We have also requested a special additional grant this year to help take care of some of the extra travel and per diem costs that will be encountered because of the long stay in Montreal. However, we have not received any confirmation as yet on this second sum of money.

As in past years, we are requesting Canadian political scientists especially those participating in the Canadian or International meetings to draw first of all on their departmental travel funds. For those who for one reason or another are not able to obtain any or even a major portion of their expenses from their university, we will be accepting requests for travel grants which we will try and distribute as equitably as possible.

Mid-August is the high point of the tourist season in Montreal and although we have currently reserved blocks of hotel rooms, we will not be able to hold onto them right up to the Congress. This means that you should let us have your reservations as soon as possible. This will also help us with the organization and preparations for the Canadian meetings and the Congress. The preliminary programme for the World Congress and registration forms have been distributed to every department of political science in Canada and we hope that you will have received them by now. If you cannot obtain a copy through your department, please write the

Canadian Political Science Association,  
c/o University of Ottawa,  
30 Stewart Street,  
Ottawa K1N 6N5, Ontario.

The holding of the World Congress in Canada is both a major challenge and opportunity for Canadian political scientists. We hope that everyone possible will plan to attend and to help us act as good hosts to our colleagues from around the world.

JET:jh

John Trent,  
Chairman,  
Canadian Organization Committee.



COMMITTEE INFORMATION

COMMITTEE ON CANADIAN CONTENT

The C.P.S.A. Committee on Canadian Content, composed of Phyllis Clarke, Danny Drache, Paul Fox, Harold Kaplan, and Donald Smiley, now has completed the drafting of a questionnaire which will be sent in January to the Chairman of departments of Political science seeking information pertinent to the committee's work. The Committee hopes that with the cooperation of departmental chairmen it will be able to complete its report for presentation at the next annual meeting of the Association.

COMMITTEE ON THE TEACHING OF POLITICAL SCIENCE IN THE HIGH SCHOOLS AND COMMUNITY COLLEGES

Members of the Committee

Memorial - Rick Butler	Brock - Jim Anderson
UPEI -	Carleton - Jill Vickers
Acadia -	Guelph - Fred Vaughan
Dalhousie - Jim Aitchison	Lakehead - G.R. Weller
St. Francis Xavier -	Laurentian - E.E. Mahant
St. Mary's - Ron Levesque	McMaster - Hank Jacek
Mount Allison -	Ottawa - Michael de Salaberry
UNB - C.R. Grondin	RMC - D. Moore
St. Thomas - John Dreijmanis	Toronto -
Moncton - Philippe Doucet	Trent - Vaughan Lyon
Brandon - Leo Liu	Waterloo - Jo Surich
Manitoba - Paul Thomas	WLU - Toivo Miljan
Winnipeg - R.A. Khan	Western - Graham Murray
Regina -	Windsor - Lloyd Brown-John
Saskatchewan - Neil McCormick	York - Rudy Grant
Alberta -	Queen's - Hugh Thorburn
Calgary - Bohdan Harasymiw	UBC - Walter Young
Lethbridge - David Elton	Simon Fraser -
	Victoria -

John Wilson, Chairman

"COMMITTEE ON BIAS"

The former C.P.S.A. Committee on Bias had its name changed at the October meeting of the C.P.S.A. Board of Directors. It is now called the Committee on the Profile of the Profession (sic). This change of name implies that the first task of the Committee will be to investigate the make-up of the political science profession in Canada. Since then the Committee has met and has started its work in two major directions; collecting already existing information and preparing a questionnaire to be sent out in 1973. There will be a further report in the next issue of the Newsletter.

ODDS AND ENDS

Data Bank Information

The information published in the last issue of the Newsletter (vol. II, No 2, November 1972) on the data holding at Carleton was incomplete in dealing with the availability of this data. A number of the data sets described are not available for redistribution. These include the ICPR and the older CIPO Studies, the Ontario Political Culture Study and the Black African Handbook data. In the case of other data sets, the policy of the Carleton Social Science Data Archive is to consider each request on an individual basis. As our intention in publishing this information was to let scholars know the whereabouts of useable information, further listing will be primarily of data sets which the individual institution is free to disseminate. Where other information is included every effort will be made to indicate clearly the availability of the data.

Publications

Are political scientists aware of the Directory of Political Scientists in Canada/Annuaire des politicologues du Canada, published jointly by the Canadian Political Science Association and the Société Canadienne de Science politique?

The directory lists some 480 political scientists in Canada, giving their institution, degree, publications and professional interests. The listing is alphabetical and also by University and by professional interests.

The cost is \$4.00 or \$2.00 for Association and Société members. Standing orders will be accepted for periodical updatings. Copies can be ordered either from:

Canadian Political Science Association  
c/o University of Ottawa  
30 Stewart Street  
Ottawa, Ont. K1N 6N5

or

Société canadienne de Science politique  
a/s Département de Science politique  
Université du Québec à Montréal  
Boîte postale 3050, Succursale b,  
Montréal 110, P.Q.



### Parliamentary Internship Programme

Jim Hurley's official three year mandate as director of the Parliamentary Internship Programme comes to an end on the 30th of June, 1973. Jim has agreed to accept a one year renewal of his mandate in order to see the programme through its transition to a new form of financing, prepare a book of papers on the parliamentary process in Canada and break in the new Director. Therefore, Jim will be continuing with the programme until June 30th, 1974.

### French-English Exchanges

The Canadian Political Science Association and the Société Canadienne de Science politique have been for some time studying the possibility of promoting exchanges of professors and students between French and English-language departments of Political Science in Canada. In November, a memo was sent out to the heads of the department of Political Science suggesting ways such a programme could be operated and asking for information as to whether departments would be able to use such a programme. If people would like further information about the exchange programme, their department head should be able to provide it. It would be interesting to know whether people feel that such a programme would be worthwhile.

### International Congress

A proposal was submitted to the heads of the departments of Political Science on the possibility of bringing students and professors from developing countries to Canada for the Summer of 1973 to participate both in the International Political Science Association congress and in Summer-school courses in Canadian departments of Political Science. It was felt that if sufficient interest was shown from the department a request could be made to the Canadian International Development Agency (CIDA), for a grant to finance the costs of bringing to Canada both students and professors from developing countries. In order for the request to be made, approval and active participation by half a dozen or more departments of Political Science would be necessary. Further information on this proposal can be obtained from heads of departments or from John Trent who is Chairman of the Canadian Organization Committee of the International Congress, as well as being Secretary-Treasurer of the CPSA.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

We welcome and encourage political scientists to express their opinions through letters to the Newsletter.

Needless to say, the Newsletter does not take responsibility for the opinions expressed in the letters.

WHITHER THE CPSA?

The Canadian Political Science Association is undergoing a fairly rapid quantitative and qualitative expansion. Certain of its structures and practices have not, however, kept pace with this expansion and its functions. The CPSA is undertaking more tasks, and has been urged by the past President and the Secretary-Treasurer to undertake even more. Yet, the present Secretary-Treasurer is overburdened with responsibilities. Serious thought should thus be given to the division of the present office of secretary-treasurer into two offices (secretary and treasurer). The creation of a committee system within the Board of Directors is a step in the right direction. There is also a need for standing committees outside the Board, especially on the status of women in the profession and the labour market for political scientists.

The Board should be open to more political scientists in order to provide as broad a spectrum of views as possible. Once the CPSA offices

were thought of as honorary, but with the ever increasing range of activities, there is a need, in the words of Bagehot, to increase the "efficient part" of it. This could be done by not renominating persons for particular offices and by not nominating more than one person from a given department or university. The election should be by mail ballot in order to give all members the chance to vote; the results should be published in the newsletter.

There is too much delay in information exchange and too much secrecy. The minutes of the annual business meeting are published in the year-end reports, appearing one year after the meeting. The minutes of the Board of Directors meeting are not published at all. With the establishment of the newsletter, there is now no reason why both of these minutes should not be published as soon as possible.

If these reforms were being made, the CPSA would be better able to cope with the many problems facing the discipline and the profession. It would also be a more open association.

John Dreijmanis  
St. Thomas University

#### Editor's Note

It should be pointed out that the committee system, as set up presently, does include people from outside the Board of Directors. In most cases the committee is chaired by a member of the Board, but the membership is not exclusively from the Board. The information was perhaps not available to the author at the time of writing this letter as the letter was written in the early Autumn and, unfortunately, misplaced until now by the editor of the Newsletter. The editor apologizes for the time taken to publish the letter.

INFORMATION FROM DEPARTMENTS

From Laval

Visiting professor: Mr. Jean-Pierre Deriennic from the Centre d'Etude de Relations internationales in Paris will be at Laval from the 15th of February to the 15th of April 1973. During this time he will give a course of the political use of violence.

Mr. Michel Bellavance, professor in the department, was recently named principal Secretary to the Leader of the Official Opposition in the Quebec National Assembly, Mr. Gabriel Loubier of the Unity-Quebec Party.

A committee on international studies has been set up at Laval following a meeting in November which was organized by Mr. Louis Balthazar, head of the Department of Political Science. The meeting included professors of international relations and world civilizations from various faculties at Laval. The committee will continue working on the question of the coordination of the resources of the University in this field and the possibility of offering a master's degree in international relations.

The Department has received, for a second year, a grant from the Research Council of the Department of Defense. The \$30,000 grant is given in order to assist research already being carried out in the Department on the subject of international security and peace-keeping and is given without further conditions. The Department was able, with this grant, and in collaboration with the Quebec Centre for International Relations (Centre québécois de relations internationales - CQRI) to organize a round table in May 1972 around the theme of "Violence in contemporary western societies". The Centre will shortly be publishing the texts presented at the round table.

From Queen's

A description of the "staff circulation" in 1972-73.

Leave of absence: Richard Simeon (To U.B.C.)

Sabbatical leave: J.-A. W. Gunn (at Oxford)  
Stuart Fyfe (Glasgow)  
E.R. Black (Exeter)  
Peter Leslie (Denmark)

Visiting Professors: Geraint Parry  
Samuel Humes  
W.C. McCaughrin

And, lost to the House of Commons the departmental administrative assistant, Flora MacDonald.

POSITIONS

TRENT UNIVERSITY - DEPARTMENT OF POLITICS

The Department of Politics at Trent University has a sessional opening in international relations for 1973-74.

This position is to replace staff who will be away on leave.

Enquiries and applications to:

David Cameron,  
Chairman  
Department of Politics  
Trent University  
Peterborough, Ont.

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THE SOCIAL SCIENCE RESEARCH COUNCIL OF CANADA

SOME QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

What is the Social Science Research Council of Canada? (SSRCC)

The SSRCC was established in 1940 by a number of concerned scholars including the late Harold Innis, as a private, non-profit institution which would provide support for research activities and a frame work for scholarly communication. In 1969, almost twenty years after its foundation, the organization and constitution of the Council were substantially changed.

The Council is now a federated body of eight learned societies:

Association of Canadian Law Teachers  
Canadian Association for Administrative Sciences  
Canadian Association of Geographers  
Canadian Economics Association  
Canadian Historical Association  
Canadian Political Science Association  
Canadian Psychological Association  
Canadian Sociology and Anthropology Association

The Council's membership is made up of representatives of the social science disciplines who are appointed by the member associations. Each association appoints three members. However, the Canadian Political Science Association appoints only two representatives. The other representative for political science is appointed by the Société canadienne de Science politique.

The Council's Constitution makes provision for two other organizational aspects.

There are five Members at Large. These are persons who have accepted an invitation to join the Council for term of office of two years. They are senior federal civil servants and others whom the Council believes are concerned with its work and whose personal experience can assist the Council in its activities. At the present time, the Council's Members at Large are:

Dr. Aurèle Beaulnes, Secretary, Ministry of State  
for Science and Technology

Dr. Virginia Douglas, President-elect, SCITEC

Dr. David Hopper, President, International Development  
Research Centre

Dr. Sylvia Ostry, Chief Statistician, Statistics Canada

Mr. Ronald Ritchie, Chairman, Institute for Public  
Policy Research and Senior Vice-President, Imperial  
Oil Limited



The Second additional component is the Consultative Assembly. This group of scholars is made up of social scientists appointed by the Canadian universities. Though it meets as a group only once a year, at the time of the Council's Annual Meetings, its members provide the Council with a network of scholars, supplementing the Council members themselves.

The President and Vice-President of the Council hold office for two years and are elected by the Council members.

The SSRCC has a permanent office located in Ottawa. The Council has three professional staff members: Director, Executive Secretary, and Research Associate. In addition, there is a Publications Assistant, who like the Executive Secretary holds a joint appointment with the Humanities Research Council of Canada.

The Council has maintained its original position of independence. Unlike most national social science councils in other countries, it is not primarily a funding body and is not a governmental organization.

#### What is the role of the SSRCC?

The role of the SSRCC is to act as a representative and spokesman for the social sciences in Canada. It is therefore concerned with the general health of the social sciences at all levels: university, provincial, federal and international, and deals with researchers, government, governmental organizations and private institutions.

Through its close relations with the member associations and the Consultative Assembly, the Council is well equipped to fulfill its role of representative of the social sciences in Canada. It provides the focal point for discussion, decision and action on matters of general concern to all members.

As a representative of the social sciences, the Council is equally concerned with its responsibility to encourage the development of new areas of research and to facilitate the growth of interdisciplinary research.

In serving its member associations the Council frequently acts as a coordinator of specific interests related to both the management of learned societies and their common concerns with research.

As well, together with the Humanities Research Council of Canada, the Council administers a programme of aid to scholarly publication, funded by the Canada Council. The SSRCC Committee on Aid to Publication undertakes to have manuscripts

assessed for their scholarly value and decides, on the basis of the independent scholarly assessments received, whether or not financial support should be offered to assist the publication of manuscripts. During 1971-72, thirty-five books which received support were published.

Further information on this programme may be obtained by writing to the Publication Assistant at the Council's address.

What are the functions of the Council?

The Council has several functions. In all of them the activity of the staff, the Committees and the Council itself have an important role.

As a representative of the social science community, the Council makes known its views through Briefs and the preparation of other public documents. It has established relations with government departments and agencies such as the Canada Council, the Ministry of State for Science and Technology and Statistics Canada. It assists its member associations by coordinating some of their administrative and scholarly interests. It aids these associations and other learned societies by contributing to the planning of their annual meetings, and seeking support for the learned societies so that travel assistance may be offered to members in their attendance at annual meetings. It promotes scholarly research through the organization of scholarly meetings and through the publication assistance programme. It is also attempting to improve the international relationships of social science scholars through the work of a Committee and through direct relations with the International Social Science Council, UNESCO, as well as with the Department of External Affairs, the International Development Research Centre and the Canadian International Development Agency.

The Council has worked in close cooperation with the Association of Universities and Colleges of Canada in the development of a Data Clearing House for the Social Sciences in Canada, which is designed to improve information available about the existence of quantitative data in machine readable form.

The Council brings its work to the attention of the scholarly community and the public at large through the publication of Studies, its Annual Report, and quarterly Newsletter, as well as through the distribution of its public statements and documents.

The following documents are currently available on request from the Council's office.

SSRCC Brief to the AUCC Commission on the Rationalization of University Research

SSRCC Response to the Senate Report on Science Policy

Feasibility Study and Report on a Data Clearing House for the Social Sciences

1970-1971 Annual Report

Social Sciences in Canada (Vol. 1, No. 4), December 1972

How successfully has the Council functioned?

Since the reorganization of the Council in 1969, the Council has produced a variety of reports. The work of liaison, advice and representation with government and other organizations - even learned societies - means interaction with bureaucracies. Consequently an initiative by the Council may be separated by as much as several years from the final result.

The Council or its representatives are actively working in cooperation with Statistics Canada in the development of a data intensive research programme based on the 1971 Census; in a working group on the development of an anonymous sample tape of the 1971 Census, and in the preparation for the 1976 Census through a Statistical Area Committee. As well, Statistics Canada with the advice of the Council is revising and updating the Historical Statistics of Canada published in 1965. Finally, a sub Committee of the Statistics Committee is planning jointly with Statistics Canada a major conference in 1973 on the Role of a Central Statistical Agency in Social Science Research.

Elsewhere in the federal government, the Council has become better known. Its advice is often sought by departments concerned with social science research. Relations between the Canada Council and SSRCC have improved immeasurably since 1969.

Internationally the Council, through the Sub-Committee of the International Scholarly Relations Committee concerned with UNESCO, had made useful contributions to an improved understanding of the role of the social sciences in international development.

The Council's Committee on the Human Environment, has established liaison with the United Nations Secretariat on the Environment, which was responsible for the "Stockholm Conference". As well the Committee is concerned with

the intergovernmental UNESCO Man and the Biosphere Programme. In both these instances the Committee's objective has been to broaden the appreciation of the potential role of the social sciences.

A similar concern has resulted in the Committee developing plans for a Symposium on the Management of Public Land Use. Not only will the symposium permit contributions from several disciplines but it will also serve to emphasize the contribution which the social sciences have already made to this complex topic.

In all these ways, the Council, which really began anew in 1969, has begun with considerable success to bring to the attention of government the importance of the social sciences in Canada today. It must move to broaden this influence, to make its existence and its role better known, and to provide more active encouragement for the development in social science research. Above all, however, in the present climate, it must seek to bring to public attention the contributions which the scholarly community is making, and must make, if public policies are to be soundly based and constructive.

What is the budget of the SSRCC?

During the past three years, the Council's administrative Budget has been increasing. These funds provide for meetings of the Council and its Committee, salaries for staff and the other expenses involved in the operation of the office. Even at its 1971-72 level, however, Council expenditures amounted only to \$87,000. In comparing this financial aspect of the Council with its current and anticipated activities it is easy to foresee that one question will arise: Can the Council continue to develop and yet retain only this modest financial basis? The answer is clearly "No".

What are the sources of funds for the Council?

In 1971-72, the Council received support from the member associations. This support amounted to \$8,000 in 1971-72. In the same year, Canadian Universities provided support to the Council in an amount of \$2,700. It is expected that this amount will be increased four or five times in the current year. The Canada Council provided for administrative support to the extent of \$50,000. Additional sundry revenues amounted to another \$8,000.

The Council is already seeking to have the level of this varied support increased. As well, it must seek new sources of revenue.

The Council was fortunate in having as one of its early members the late Professor W. Burton Hurd. Professor Hurd and members of his family have generously contributed to the Ruth and W. Burton Hurd Memorial Fund. Revenues from this fund assist in meeting the costs of the Council's activities. The Fund itself provides a source of funds for the Council which can be used to support new developments or as "seed money" for other activities which the Council considers to be important.

#### Future Role

The SSRCC is the one organization in Canada which can speak for the social scientists in the country both nationally and abroad. Because of its private nature, it can work equally well with the several levels of government in Canada as well as with private organizations. Through its interdisciplinary make-up, it has an important catalytic role which can influence the development of social science research in Canada and, perhaps, in other countries.

The basis of the Council's organization, is the learned societies' membership which means it has a very broad and diffuse foundation. This could be a source of weakness from a funding point of view. At the same time, the Council's greatest asset in its role as a spokesman for the social science community is its 8,000 members. The Council, established by scholars, still serves them and, in turn, is served by them. Its responsibilities are becoming increasingly large and more important. Its success in meeting these responsibilities depends on the contributions and support of scholars.

The Canadian Political Science Association and the Société canadienne de Science politique appoint representatives to the Council and its Committees. These representatives are:

#### Council Members

- A. Donneur, Université du Québec à Montréal
- F. Englemann, University of Alberta
- W. Young, University of British Columbia

#### Committee Members

##### Committee on the Human Environment

O.P. Dwivedi, University of Guelph

##### Committee on International Scholarly Relations

D. Anglin, Carleton University  
A.M. Taylor, Queen's University

This Committee is chaired by L. Sabourin (University of Ottawa), a former CPSA representative to the Committee

Policy and Finance Committee

A. Legault, Université Laval

Projects Committee

D. Smith, University of Saskatchewan

Committee on Statistics

E. Cloutier, Université du Québec à Montréal

The permanent staff of the Council includes:

Douglas Verney, Director  
John Banks, Executive Secretary  
Richard Kouri, Research Associate  
Howard Riddle, Publication Assistant

The address of the Council is:

Suite 415  
151 Slater Street  
Ottawa, Ontario  
K1P 5H3

(613) 237-3330

John Banks  
Executive Secretary  
January, 1973



UPCOMING MEETINGS



The University of Manitoba

Department of Political Studies

Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada R3T 2M8

ACADEMIC COLLOQUIUM SERIES IN POLITICAL STUDIES

A set of papers shall be presented in an Academic Colloquium sponsored by the Public Relations and Academic Affairs Committee of the Department of Political Studies to be held as follows:

Place: Faculty Conference Room  
307 Tier Building  
University of Manitoba  
Fort Garry Campus

Time: 7.30 to 9.30 P.M.

<u>AUTHOR</u>	<u>TITLE</u>	<u>DATE</u>
. C.R. Santos	"The Use of Statistical Chi-Square Test in Exploring Relationships Between Political Variables."	9 January, 1973
. P.H. Wichern	"Canadian Urban Politics: Status of the Field."	16 January, 1973
. L.S. Etheredge	"Hypnosis and Order: The Politics of Compliance."	30 January, 1973
. Ms. S. Fain	"Leninism Revisited: Soviet Reinterpretations of Revolutionary Imperatives,"	13 February, 1973
. P.G. Thomas	"A Study of Legislative Oversight of Administrative Performance in Canada."	27 February, 1973
. D.W. Daycock	"Collective Leadership in the C.P.S.U.: A Cartel of Anxiety."	13 March, 1973
. M. Debicki	"Attitudes Toward the War Measure Act Among Canadian Students."	20 March, 1973
. T.E. Peterson	"A Study of Political Relationship Between Ethnicity and Class."	27 March, 1973

School of International Affairs,  
Carleton University  
Ottawa, Ontario.

Canadian Association of African  
Studies/Association Canadienne  
des Etudes Africaines

CONFERENCE ON DEPENDENCE AND DEVELOPMENT IN AFRICA/  
COLLOQUE SUR DEPENDANCE ET DEVELOPPEMENT EN AFRIQUE

Preliminary Program/Programme préliminaire

16 February 1973/16 février 1973

10:00-10:30

WELCOME/ACCUEIL

Professor H. Edward English  
School of International Affairs  
President M. Oliver  
Carleton University  
Professor L. Sabourin  
Association Canadienne des Etudes  
Africaines.

10:30-12:30

SESSION PLENIERE/PLENARY SESSION<sup>1</sup>

"DEPENDENCE AND DEVELOPMENT: THE NATURE  
OF THE PROBLEM/LES RAPPORTS ENTRE LE  
PHENOMENE DE LA DEPENDANCE ET LE DEVELOP-  
PEMENT."

Chairman/Président: Professor H.E. English,  
S.I.A., Carleton University  
-- Professor Ali Mazrui, Political Science,  
Makerere University Kampala (Uganda) visi-  
ting at the Center for Advanced Study in  
the Behavioral Sciences, Stanford, Cali-  
fornia.  
-- Professor Johan Galtung, International  
Peace Research Institute, Oslo (Norway).

Discussant/Commentateur: Professor J.  
Sigler, Political Science, Carleton Uni-  
versity.

<sup>1</sup>Simultaneous Translation/Traduction Simultanée

12:30-2:00

Lunch/Déjeuner

2:00-4:00

AFTERNOON/SESSIONS DE L'APRES-MIDI

I. L'impact humain de Colonialisme/ The Human Impact of Colonialism<sup>1</sup>

Chairman/Président: Professor J. Manyoni, Sociology, Carleton University.

- Mme Fatou Sow-Diagne, Sociologist, Attaché de Recherches, IFAN, Dakar (Senegal) "Le Statut de la Femme dans l'Afrique Moderne".
- Professor W.E. Abraham, Philosophy, Macalester College (Minn.)
- Professor J. Congress Mbatha, African Studies Center, Cornell, (NY) "Historical factors: The Causation of Dependence."

Discussant/Commentateur: Professor Audrey Wipper, Sociology, Waterloo.  
Professor Peter Gutkind, Anthropology, McGill University.

II. "Expatriates and the Planning Process in Africa/Conseillers Techniques Expatriés et le Processus de Planification en Afrique."

Président/Chairman: Dr. John Okumu, Visiting Professor, Political Science, Grinnell College (Iowa)

- Dr. Ralph Cambell, Principal, Scarborough College, Toronto, "Tools which an Economic Advisor Should Take With Him."
- Dr. Wilbert LeMelle, Deputy Representative Ford Foundation, Nairobi (Kenya).
- Dr. John Nellis, Political Science, Carleton University, "Expatriates in the Decisionmaking Process in Kenya".

Discussants/Commentateurs: Dr. Clyde Ingle, SUNY, Geneseo  
Njaguna Ngethe, Political Science, Carleton University.

- III. "Mass Communication and Cultural Dependence/  
Mass Media et Dépendance Culturelle".

Président/Chairman: Clyde Sanger, International  
Development Research Corporation, Ottawa

- Professor Alfred Opubor, African Studies  
Center, Michigan State University, "The  
Mass Communication of Cultural Dependence."
- Mr. Hugh Winsor, Toronto Star.

Discussant/Commentateur:

- IV. "A Green Revolution for Africa and What that  
Might Entail for Dependence and Development/  
Une Révolution Verte pour l'Afrique et ces con-  
séquences pour la Dépendance et le Développement."

Chairman/Président: Professor H.R. Binns,  
Center for International Programs, University  
of Guelph.

- Dr. J.J. McKelvey, Associate Director,  
Agricultural Sciences, Rockefeller Foun-  
dation, New York City.
- Professeur G. J. Ouellette, Associate Dean,  
Faculty of Agriculture, Université Laval.
- Professor J.S. Saul, lately political  
Science Department, University College,  
Dar es Salaam (Tanzania)
- Dr. Douglas Hedley, Agricultural Economist,  
Economics Division, Canada Department of  
Agriculture (Ottawa).

4:00-4:30

Pause Café/Coffee Break 5<sup>1</sup>ème Etage Southam Hall  
5th Floor

4:30-6:30

SESSIONS

- V. "Aid and Dependency in Tropical Africa/aide et  
Dépendance en Afrique Tropicale"1

Chairman/Président: Professor C. Pratt, Political  
Economy, Toronto.

- Professor G. Helleiner, Political Economy, Toronto "Aid, Dependency and Development in Tropical Africa".

Discussants/Commentateurs: Mr. Alan McGill, Director General, Bureau of African and Middle Eastern Affairs, Department of External Affairs (Ottawa).

Professor Renaud Santerre, Anthropology, Université Laval (Quebec).

Professor Justinian Rweyemanu, Economics, Dar es Salaam.

VI. "Elites, Decolonization and Development/Elites, Décolonisation et Développement".

Chairman/Président: Professor Claude Ake, Political Science, Carleton University.

- Professor Frank Stark, Political Science, Western Ontario, "Development as a Symbol of Political Unity Among Political Elites in Cameroon".
- Professor Alf Andrew Heggoy, History, University of Georgia, "Development and Control in Revolutionary Algeria".
- Professor Ladun Anise, Political Science, Pittsburgh, "Decolonization and Dependency in African Development".

Discussant/Commentateur: Professeur Willard Johnson, Political Science, M.I.T. (Uncertain).

VII. Workshop I/Atelier I "Focus on South Africa/Optique sur la République Sud-Africaine".

Président/Chairman: Douglas G. Anglin, Political Science, Carleton University.

- Professor Benson Brown, Economics, Sir George Williams University (Montreal), "Peripheral Capitalism in South Africa and the Theory of Dependence."
- Bruce S. Young, Geography, University of Natal, Durban (South Africa) "Options for Development on the African Areas in South Africa: The Case of KwaZulu."
- Heribert Adam, Sociology, Simon Fraser University, Burnaby (B.C.) "The Rise of Black Consciousness in South Africa."

Discussants/Commentateurs: Larry W. Bowman,  
Political Science, University of Connecticut  
(Storrs, Conn.)  
Robert T. McKinnell, Canadian International  
Development Agency (Ottawa).

VIII. "Literary Forms and Cultural Dependence/Le  
Genre Littéraire et la Dépendance Culturelle".

Chairman/Président: Professor D. Killam, Master,  
Bethune College, York.

- Professor Okechukwu Mezu, English, SUNY,  
Buffalo, "The Impact of Colonialism on the  
Development of African Literature".
- Professor F.I. Case, New College, Toronto,  
"La Bourgeoisie africaine dans la littéra-  
ture de l'Afrique occidentale".

Discussant/Commentateur: Professor Sekyi-Otu,  
Political Science, Bethune College, York.

6:30- 8:00 Vin d'Honneur/Reception cohosted by Université d'Ottawa  
et Carleton University.

7:00- 9:00 Cafeteria open for Dinner/Diner

9:00-11:00 Film: Ousman Sembene, "Le Mandat" (en Wolof-sous-titré  
en français)

17 February 1973/17 février 1973

9:00-11:00 MORNING/SESSIONS DU MATIN

IX. "The Multinational Corporation and the Underdeveloped  
Countries/La Société Multinationale et les Pays sous-  
développé"1

Président/Chairman: Professor Bernard Bonin, Ecole  
des Hautes Etudes Commerciales, Université de Montreal.



- Professor Lee C. Nehrt, School of Business, Indiana, "Political Investment Analysis: The Case of Algeria".
- Professor Irving Gershenberg, Economics, Livingston College, Rutgers, "Multinational Corporations, Commercial Banks in Africa: The Uganda Case"

Discussant/Commentateur:

- X. "Military and Military Dependence/Les Militaires et la Dépendance Militaire".

Chairman/Président: Professor Claude Welch, Political Science, SUNY, Buffalo.

- Professor Warren Weinstein, Political Science, SUNY, Oswego, "The Belgian Impact on the Armed Forces of Rwanda and Burundi".
- Professor Thomas Cox, Fletcher School, Tufts, "Reference Group Theory and the Sierra Leonean Military".
- Professeur Michel Martin, Centre d'Etude d'Afrique Noire, Bordeaux, "Les Militaires et le Développement National".

Commentateur/Discussant:

- XI. "Peasants, Power and Productivity-First Session/Les Paysans, Le Pouvoir et la Productivité-Première Session".

Chairman/Président: Professor Ian Pool, Sociology, Carleton University.

- Professor J. McWilliam, Demographic Unit, Department of Community Medicine, University of Zaria, "A Different Approach to Social Development Programs in Africa: The Case of Family Planning."
- Joel Gregory, Center for International Studies, Cornell University, "Underdevelopment-Rural-Urban Migration and Dependence: A Cycle-The Case of Upper Volta.
- Professor O. Silla, Anthropologie, Collège St. Jean, Université de l'Alberta, (Edmonton) "Animation Rurale et Malaise Paysan au Sénégal."

Commentateur/Discussant: Professeur J. R. Saucier,  
Sociology, Carleton University.

Rapporteur: Professeur Piché, Démographie, Université de Montreal.

XII. "Workshop II/Atelier II-L'Afrique du Sud-Liens et Réactions/Southern African Linkages and Reactions".

Chairman/Président: Professor David B. Knight,  
Geography, Carleton University.

- Professor Douglas G. Anglin, Political Science, Carleton University, "Zambia and Disengagement from Southern Africa: A Transaction Analysis."
- Sandra Wallman, Anthropology, University of Toronto, "The Modernization of Dependence: The Case of Lesotho."
- Sheridan W. Johns, Political Science, Duke University, Durham, (N.C.) "Botswana's Strategy for Decreasing Dependence on South Africa."

Discussant/Commentateur: Christain P. Potholm,  
Government and Legal Studies, Bowdoin College,  
Brunswick (Maine).

XIII. "Pour une position plus radicale des sciences sociales devant les problèmes Africains," Table Ronde/Round Table.

Chairman/Président: Professor A. Schwartz, Sociologie, Université Laval.

- Professeur G. Bernard Sociologie, Laurentian University.
- Professeur Bietlot, Sociologie, Université d'Ottawa.
- Professor P. Gutkind, Anthropology, McGill.
- Professor G. Berthoud, Etudes Africaines, Université de Montréal.

11:00-11:30

Coffee Break/Pause Café

11:30-1:30

SESSION PLENIERE/PLENARY SESSION

"Dependence and Economic Development/Dépendance et Développement Economique"

Président/Chairman: Le Professeur C. Jeanneret,  
I.C.I., Université d'Ottawa.

- Professeur Samir Amin, IDEP, Dakar (Senegal).
- Professor K. Okuda, Department of Economics  
and Commerce, Simon Fraser University.

Commentateur/Discussant:

- 1:30-3:30      Lunch/Déjeuner
- 2:30-3:30      Réunion Annuelle/Annual Meeting
- 3:30-5:30      AFTERNOON/SESSIONS D'APRES MIDI

XIV. "Options for Development: Nationalization"<sup>a</sup>

Chairman/Président: Robert McKinnelle, Canadian  
International Development Agency (Ottawa).

- Professor Justinian Rweyemamu, Economics,  
Dar es Salaam (Tanzania). "Options for  
Development: Nationalization Policy in  
Tanzania".
- Professor W. Kontak and Professor L. Pluta,  
Economics, St. Francis Xavier, "Nationali-  
zation vs Regulated Foreign Investment".

Discussants/Commentateurs: Professor A. Ritter,  
Economics, Carleton University.  
A.J. Van de Laar, Economist, World Bank (Washington)

XV. "Peasants, Power and Productivity/Les Paysans, Le  
Pouvoir et La Productivité: II".

Chairman/Président: Professor Bietlot, Sociologie,  
Université d'Ottawa.

- Professor G. Cunningham, Glendon College,  
York "The Peasant, Rural Development and the  
Dependence Relationship in Tanzania",

- Professor Francis Snyder, Osgood Hall Law School, York "Colonial Law and the Introduction of Dependence Among the Diola-Bandial of Basse-Casamance".

Discussants/Commentateurs: Professor R. Murapa, African Studies Center, Cornell University, Ithaca, (N.Y.).

Professeur Victor Piché, démographie, Université de Montréal.

- XVI. "Dependence and Foreign Policy: A Challenge to Decolonization/Dépendance et Politique Etrangère: Le Défi Néocolonial:

Chairman/Président: Professeur H. Qualman, Science Politique, Université Laval.

- Professor Patrick McGowan, Maxwell School, Syracuse University, "Dimensions of African Foreign Policy Behavior: In Search of Dependence."
- Professors Timothy Shaw and Jan Jorgensen, Centre for Foreign Policy Studies, Dalhousie, "International dependence and foreign policy choices: the Political Economy of Uganda."

Discussants/Commentateurs: Professor Janice Stein, Political Science, McGill University.

Professor F. Gross, Dean, Graduate School of Arts and Sciences, Duquesne.

- XVII. "Révolution en Afrique/Revolution in Africa".

Chairman/Président: Professeur Paul Dussault, Science Politique, Université d'Ottawa.

- Professor Michael Glantz, Political Science, Lafayette College, "The Portuguese Colonies."
- William Minter, "Imperial Network and External Dependence: The Case of Angola."
- A.X.L. Vilankulu, Comité Revolucionario de Mocambique (COREMO)
- C.P. Nkobi Ndlovu, Zimbabwe African Peoples Union (ZAPU)

6:30- 8:15 DINNER

8:30-10:30 PUBLIC LECTURE/DISOURS PUBLIC

H. E. Amir Jamal, Minister of Commerce and Industry  
Republic of Tanzania, "Options for Development in  
Africa."

8 February 1973/18 février 1973

9:30-10:30 Coffee/Café

Discussion with Laura Owen on the Concept of a  
Learning Center on Development -- the Ottawa Learner  
Centre.

10:30-12:30 SESSION PLENIERE/PLENARY SESSION

"Dependence in an Interdependent World/Dépendance dans  
un Monde Interdépendant."

Chairman/Président: Professeur L. Sabourin, Institut  
de Coopération Internationale, Université d'Ottawa.

-- Professor I. Wallerstein, Sociology, McGill,  
"Dependence in an Interdependent World."

Table Ronde/Round Table

-- Jacques Gérin, Vice-Président (Aide Bilatérale),  
ACDI. -  
-- Professor Kari Levitt, Economics, McGill  
-- Samir Amin, IDEP, Dakar  
-- Ali Mazrui, Makerere, Kampala.

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A NOTER/NOTE: Book Exhibit/Exposition de Livres (Room/Salle: 508  
Southam Hall), Films (Room/Salle: 164 Loeb).

5th Annual Meeting of Cheiron: The International Society for the History of the Behavioral and Social Sciences. To be held at State University, College of Arts and Science, Plattsburgh, New York and Valcour Educational Conference Center.

Dates: June 7, 8, 9, 10, 1973

Papers will be considered which deal with aspects of the history of any of the behavioral and social sciences, with relevant historical or social science methodology, or with the philosophy of history as applied to the study of the history of the behavioral and social sciences. The emphasis of the meetings will be interdisciplinary.

Address submitted papers or requests for additional information to:  
Dr. Noel W. Smith, Department of Psychology, State University, College of Arts and Science, Plattsburgh, New York, 12901.