

NEWSLETTER

CANADIAN POLITICAL SCIENCE ASSOCIATION

VOL. II - No 6

July 1973

COME TO THE MEETINGS

Joint Meeting

CANADIAN POLITICAL SCIENCE ASSOCIATION

and

SOCIÉTÉ CANADIENNE DE SCIENCE POLITIQUE

Montréal - August 18-20

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INTERNATIONAL POLITICAL SCIENCE ASSOCIATION CONGRESS

Montréal - August 19-25

*All correspondence
relating to the newsletter
should be directed to the editor:*

Caroline Andrew
Department of Political Science
University of Ottawa
Ottawa K1N 6N5

POLITICAL SCIENCE PANELS AT THE 1974
CANADIAN ASSOCIATION OF AFRICAN STUDIES CONFERENCE
DALHOUSIE UNIVERSITY
27 FEBRUARY to 2 MARCH

The Coordinator of the Political Science panels for the 1974 C.A.A.S. Conference, Professor Timothy M. Shaw of Dalhousie University, would like to bring to the attention of the membership the possibility of participating in this interdisciplinary conference. Those interested in participating should write to T.M. Shaw, Department of Political Science, Dalhousie University.

The following list of possible topics is neither exhaustive nor final; it is merely meant to be suggestive and to indicate the range of subfields, from individual political actions to Africa's global interests, in which we would like to solicit papers. Moreover, although we hope to cater to explicit disciplinary concerns, we also intend forming a group of multi-disciplinary panels, and this list clearly overlaps with a range of other disciplinary interests.

We would welcome an early indication of your intention to participate including proposed paper on panel topic. To help us organize the conference we would appreciate receiving short abstracts of papers. All papers should be prepared by December 31 to enable us to print a volume of papers for all conference participants.

A suggestive list of topics for Political Science panels

1. Political biography
2. Micro-politics
Rural constituencies and district administration; urban politics; local responses to development; politics of language, ethnicity and religion; interest groups in Africa: patrons and clients.
3. The politics of inequality and regional disparities
Public administration in Africa; decentralization and regional inequities; centre and periphery; urban-rural relations; class formation in Africa; the political economy of women in Africa; trade unions: underdogs or labour aristocracy?
4. Development policies and performancies
Strategies for escape from dependence and underdevelopment; technical assistance and choice of development strategies; varieties of African Socialist ideologies and practices; the politics of planning and implementation; education: socialization or alienation?
5. The Politics of self-determination
Liberation and counter-revolution in Africa; nation-building and socialist construction in the liberated areas; military roles in Africa: resistance, administration, aggrandisement; politics of occupation: colonial and minority administrations; one-party regimes: control, corruption, cooption.

6. Africa in the Global System

Case studies of the foreign policies of African states; the EEC and Africa: the new imperialism? multinational corporations in Africa; politics of intra-African trade: towards collective autonomy; African regional subsystems: integration and/or conflict; interstate inequalities in Africa; Francophonie and the Commonwealth: African dominance or dependence?

7. International Law and the environment

Development and pollution; Africa and international law: ecology, trade, the sea, sovereignty, guerrilla warfare; PanAfrican organizations and norms: OAU, ECA, ADB; international mechanisms of underdevelopment: aid, tariffs, technological control, freight and exchange rates.

SOCIAL SCIENCE RESEARCH COUNCIL OF CANADA

1972-1973 COMMITTEE ACTIVITY

In volume II, number 3 (January 1973) of the Newsletter we published material on the Social Science Research Council of Canada; its goals, structures and activities. In this issue we continue to inform the CPSA membership on the role of the SSRCC by describing the activities of the various committees during 1972-73.

This information was taken from a Council publication, "A Report on the 1972-1973 Activities of the Social Science Research Council of Canada," Except for the information on the Committee on International Scholarly Relations which was provided directly by the Committee.

Committee on Statistics

i) has continued negotiations with Statistics Canada on the development of a Data-Intensive Research Programme. The programme will, we expect, be introduced in 1974-75 and will provide support for data intensive research based largely on the data of the 1971 Census. A special advisory Committee will be established to adjudicate applications for research support which are received.

ii) has worked with Statistics Canada on the preparation of Anonymous Sample Tapes based on the 1971 Census, and has sought the development of an improved customized service for researchers seeking special data runs.

iii) organized in June 1972, a workshop on Social Indicators. The purpose of the meeting was to bring government and university researchers in this field in the closer contact.

iv) Cooperated with Statistics Canada in planning a Conference on the Role of Central Statistical Agency. The Conference is tentatively planned for the Spring of 1974 and will provide an opportunity for researchers to discuss the services and data which Statistics Canada should make available.

v) together with the Executive Committee and Professor M.C. Urquhart of Queen's University is making plans for the revision of the Historical Statistics of Canada (MacMillan, 1964) and for the preparation of entirely new volumes. Close cooperation with Statistics Canada in this activity is anticipated.

The results of this activity will be to provide researchers with a convenient and authoritative statistical reference.

Committee on Human Environment

i) has organized an interdisciplinary Symposium on the management of Public Lands. The Symposium will be held in Ottawa in October 1973 and will seek to review social sciences research in this subject, and through publication to consolidate these social science contributions.

ii) has established relations with native peoples associations in the Yukon and Northwest Territories. On the basis of this contact, the Committee is taking steps to provide advice and guidance to native peoples seeking the assistance of social science researchers.

iii) has been represented on the Canadian Coordinating Committee (CCC) for Man and Biosphere Programme. The object of the participation has been to ensure a greater orientation of the Programme towards the social sciences. Though progress is slow due to the nature of the CCC (only a very few social scientists) changes in the Programme are being effected.

iv) has participated in, and reviewed the Man and Resources Programme of the Canadian Council of Resource and Environment Ministers. The nature of the Programme and its organization has not encouraged the Committee to pursue these interests.

Policy and Finance Committee

i) has prepared and published a response to volume II of the Report of the Senate Special Committee on Science Policy (Lamontagne Report). The response called for increased support for basic research in the social sciences and endorsed the recommendation for the establishment of a separate foundation for funding research in the humanities and social sciences. The implication of this recommendation is that the responsibility for funding the humanities and social sciences be removed from the responsibilities of the Canada Council. Other recommendations are noted in the published document.

ii) has prepared and published a brief to the AUCC Commission on Rationalization of University Research. The Brief called for improved information on social science research, the establishment of a foundation for the humanities and social sciences, improved funding for research centres and institutes, and increased support for research libraries.

iii) has frequently considered the membership and participation of SSRCC in SCITEC (The Association of the Scientific Engineering and Technological Communities of Canada). It has recommended the continued membership of SSRCC in SCITEC believing that it can serve the interests of the social sciences by bringing representatives of these disciplines to contact with scientists from other disciplines, through the SCITEC Committees. As well, SCITEC is considering the development of a secretariat service (House of Science and Technology - HOST) for member associations.

iv) has prepared a commentary on the Bonneau-Corry Report. A major item concerns the recommendation of the AUCC Commissioners that seven-nine "centres of excellence" in the social sciences be designated and developed. The Committee has not endorsed this view preferring to emphasize the importance of the researcher rather than the institution. Consequently, the Committee has urged the development of specific "expert-groups" at the national or regional level. The Committee has not thought in terms of buildings and libraries but has believed that the personnel in research activities must be the primary concern.

Many of the points urged in the SSRCC Brief to the Commissioners were not incorporated in their Report.

Committee Projects
Committee on Research Policy

These Committees have little progress to report. The Committee on Projects is considering the development of a major assessment of the Social Science disciplines; and improving information distribution about SSRCC and the social sciences more generally.

The Committee on Research Policy has recently been established and will become a resource of information on the strategies and policies for social science research support in Canada.

Committee on Aid to Publication

This Committee has charge of the one funding programme of the Council. 236 manuscripts were submitted in 1972-73, 46 have been approved for subventions, and 44 previously approved have been published. Some 56 manuscripts were on hand at end of the year.

The purpose of the committee is to receive and oversee the assessment of manuscripts of advanced scholarship in the social sciences. Through the assessment procedure, the Committee assists the development of the quality of research. The results of the Committee's work are concretely realized in the publication of scholarly works.

COMMITTEE ON INTERNATIONAL SCHOLARLY RELATIONS

The Committee on International Scholarly Relations is a Standing Committee of the Social Science Research Council of Canada.

It is concerned with the conduct of research by Canadian scholars abroad, the international concerns and activities of Canadian social scientists and other matters related to international scholarly relations, and acts as a vehicle for liaison between the social science community and relevant private and public organizations.

Functions of the Committee

In seeking to further international scholarly relations while taking into account the Canadian context, the Committee performs, amongst other functions, the following:

- a) liaison and coordination: the Committee serves as a spokesman of the social science community with private and public bodies in Canada and abroad (and to that end, maintains appropriate liaison with other Committees of the Council);
- b) information: the Committee evaluates and assesses major reports and programmes which affect international scholarly relations with a view to informing the social science community of their implications as well as making known social science considerations and needs to the appropriate bodies;

c) consulting and advising: the Committee engages in consulting and advising on matters which fall within its frame of reference;

d) research: the Committee seeks to promote evaluations of research activities with a view to making recommendations to the appropriate bodies.

Task Forces

The Committee has established the following task forces to assist it in its work:

- 1- Unesco Program (Professor Alistair Taylor, Queen's, Coordinator).
- 2- European Coordination Centre for Research and Documentation in the Social Sciences, Vienna.
- 3- International Scholarly Exchanges.
- 4- International Social Science Policy.
- 5- Evaluation of Social Science Methodology in Canadian Aid Programs.
- 6- International Studies Research in Canada (Prof. Douglas Anglin, Carleton, Coordinator).
- 7- International Development Research in Canada.
- 8- Committee Secretariat.

One product of the Committee's labours is the statement on "Privileges and Responsibilities of the Canadian Scholar in Developing Countries" which is available from the Social Science Research Council of Canada.

Louis Sabourin (Chairman)
Alistair Taylor
Douglas G. Anglin

Obituary

DR. DONALD GOW

The sudden death on June 3rd 1973 of Dr. Donald Gow is a grievous loss, not only for Queen's University, where he was Director of the School of Public Administration, but also for the Canadian political science community at large, particularly for that still-small segment of the community that is concerned with the academic study of public administration and the training of well-qualified men and women for the public service.

Don Gow graduated in political science from the University of Manitoba in 1940. After wartime service as a commissioned officer in the Canadian Army in Italy and Northwest Europe, he embarked upon what was to become a distinguished career in the federal public service, first with the Civil Service Commission, and later with the Treasury Board.

After 20 years in the public service he decided to go to Queen's for graduate work and registered in the Ph.D. programme there in the Fall of 1965. His dissertation, which, characteristically, was completed in record time, combines a formidable grasp of the academic literature on organization theory with a penetrating analysis of the realities of public administration as seen from the inside. As well as being a fine piece of scholarship, it is full of thoughtful prescription for improving the conduct of federal-provincial affairs. It is a matter of regret that his administrative services to Queen's, first as an executive assistant to the Principal and later as Director of the School of Public Administration, left him little time for teaching, which his long experience in government superbly equipped him to do.

The School of Public Administration at Queen's is a memorial to his entrepreneurial, administrative and scholarly skills. The initiative for its creation came from him; the philosophy that informs its M.P.A. programme and makes it unique in Canada is his. Those of us who have been associated with him in planning and directing the programme know how much of its success has been due to his single-minded persistence, patience, and unflagging energy.

He had only recently been re-appointed Director for a further term, and he was full of plans for the future, not only for the teaching programme of the School, but also for the development of research in public policy at Queen's. He achieved marked success in placing his students in key positions in the public service and he was working as hard as ever for his students when he died of a heart attack, a few weeks before his 53rd birthday.

I know that all members of the Canadian Political Science Association will wish to join in mourning the passing of a wise and experienced colleague and a tireless worker for the advancement of teaching and research in Canadian public administration.

J.W. Grove

I M P O R T A N T A N N O U N C E M E N T

THE CANADIAN COLLECTION OF REPRINTS IN POLITICAL SCIENCE WILL BE AVAILABLE
FOR YOUR FALL CLASSES - ORDER NOW ! !

In response to your interest and suggestions, the CPSA has reprinted, in a handsome, distinctive series, some of the most widely cited articles which have appeared in the Canadian Journal of Political Science over the past few years.

Your students will now have easy access to the Journal articles you want them to read. The problem of getting the same article to a large number of students at the same time is now ended. Students can now purchase their own copies of important articles for ready reference.

Ideal for Introductory courses and courses in Canadian and International politics, the articles are priced to suit student budgets.

Order now from this list:

1. Jacques Benjamin, "La minorité en Etat bicommunautaire: quatre études de cas" (CJPS, vol. 4, no. 4), 50¢.
2. Alan Cairns, "The Electoral System and the Party System in Canada, 1921-65" (CJPS, vol. 1, no. 1), plus J. A. A. Lovink, "On Analysing the Impact of the Electoral System on the Party System in Canada," and Cairns' reply to Lovink. (CJPS, vol. 3, No. 4), 75¢.
3. Alan Cairns, "The Judicial Committee and its Critics." (CJPS, vol. 4, no. 3), 75¢.
4. Paul-André Comeau: "Acculturation ou assimilation: technique d'analyse et tentative de mesure chez les Franco-Ontariens." (CJPS, vol. 2, no. 2), 50¢.
5. C. E. S. Franks, "The Dilemma of the Standing Committees of the Canadian House of Commons." (CJPS, vol. 4, no. 4). 50¢.
6. K. J. Holsti, "Retreat From Utopia: International Relations Theory, 1945-70". (CJPS, vol. 4, no. 2), 50¢.

7. Gad Horowitz, "Conservatism, Liberalism and Socialism in Canada: an Interpretation," (CJEPS, May 1966), 50¢.
8. A. W. Johnson, "The Treasury Board of Canada and the Machinery of Government in the 1970's," (CJPS, vol. 4, no. 3), 50¢.
9. Georges Lavau, "Partis et systèmes politiques: interactions et fonctions," (CJPS, vol. 2, no. 1), 50¢.
10. Arend Lijphart, "Cultural Diversity and Theories of Political Integration" plus commentaries by S. J. R. Noel and Gérard Bergeron (CJPS, vol. 4, no. 1), 50¢.
11. Tom Truman, "A Critique of Seymour M. Lipset's Article, 'Value Differences, Absolute or Relative: the English-Speaking Democracies'," (CJPS, vol. 4, no. 4), 50¢.
12. John Wilson and David Hoffman, "The Liberal Party in Contemporary Ontario Politics," (CJPS, vol. 3, no. 2), 50¢.

HOW TO ORDER: Copies of all articles can be ordered from:

John Trent
Secretary-Treasurer
The Canadian Political Science Association
c/o University of Ottawa
Ottawa, Ontario
K1N 6N5

Payment must be enclosed with order.
We pay postage.
Bulk orders can conveniently be placed through your university bookstore.

O R D E R N O W !

DEPARTMENTAL SPECIALIZATION

SECOND INSTALLMENT

In this issue we are publishing information on departmental specialization from those departments whose answers were received after the last Newsletter went to press. There are six of them; which brings the grand total to 24 or just over half the existing departments.

We hope that between now and the beginning of September, we will get answers from those departments that haven't yet replied.

In the September issue of the Newsletter, we intend to publish complete information (in chart form, more compactly than at present) on departmental specialization and in order to do this, we need replies from all departments. If you haven't yet sent in your information; don't wait for the reminder letter, send it in today.

There is one correction that should be made to the information published in the May Newsletter. On page 24 of that issue, in the information for St. Thomas University, the enrollment figure was that for the University of New Brunswick (St.Thomas is an affiliated college of U.N.B.). The correct enrollment figure for St.Thomas, for 1972-73, is 1030.

DALHOUSIE UNIVERSITY

<u>1971-72 FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT</u>	6,103
<u>DEGREES IN POLITICAL SCIENCE</u>	B.A., M.A., Ph.D.

1. FIELDS OF SPECIALIZATION IN TEACHING PROGRAM

- Canadian Studies (national, Maritime provinces).
- Public Administration (primarily Canadian, emphasis on provincial and urban), International Relations.
- African Studies, Policy Studies.

2. DEPARTMENT CONCENTRATION

as above, expressed equally in teaching and research except for foreign policy studies where the emphasis is primarily on research (Centre for Foreign Policy Studies).

3. INSTITUTES

- Centre for Foreign Policy Studies.
- Public Administration Programmes.
- Institute of Public Affairs.

4. DEPARTMENT'S PARTICIPATION IN INSTITUTES - (See 3)

Both the Centre for Foreign Policy Studies and the Public Administration Programmes come under the Department of Political Science, and are closely integrated with the Department.

5. PLANS FOR CONCENTRATION AND SPECIALIZATION

Unlikely to establish new institutes. Plans to reinforce strengths, particularly in Canadian, urban, regional.

UNIVERSITY OF MANITOBA

<u>1971-72 FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT</u>	13,590
<u>DEGREES IN POLITICAL SCIENCE</u>	B.A., M.A.

1. FIELDS OF SPECIALIZATION IN TEACHING PROGRAM

a) Graduate: Political Theory, Western Political Systems, International Relations, Developing Areas, Communist Political Systems, Canadian Studies, Public Administration, Methodology, Political Behaviour.

b) Undergraduate: same as graduate.

2. DEPARTMENT CONCENTRATION

Political Theory, International Relations, Comparative Politics, Communist Political Systems, Canadian Studies, Urban Politics.

3. INSTITUTES

None

4. DEPARTMENT'S PARTICIPATION IN INSTITUTES - (See 3)

5. PLANS FOR CONCENTRATION AND SPECIALIZATION

None at present.

UNIVERSITE DE MONTREAL

<u>1971-72 FULL-TIME ENROLIMENT</u>	14,681
<u>DEGREES IN POLITICAL SCIENCE</u>	B.Sc., M.Sc., Ph.D.

1. FIELDS OF SPECIALIZATION IN TEACHING PROGRAM

Political Analysis, Public Administration, International Relations.

2. DEPARTMENTAL CONCENTRATION

Major concentration on Quebec Political Studies; political parties, Montreal Urban Community, Administrative and political elites, ideologies, etc...

Secondary concentration on comparative analysis of Quebec and other systems.

3. INSTITUTES

Laboratoire d'études politiques québécoises,
Collaboration with Centre québécois de Relations Internationales, le Centre de Recherche en développement économiques de l'Université de Montréal, l'Institut du Droit de la Paix et du Développement (Université de Nice), l'Institut de Coopération internationale d'Ottava, etc...

4. DEPARTMENT'S PARTICIPATION IN INSTITUTES - (See 3)

The laboratory is part of the Department.

5. PLANS FOR CONCENTRATION AND SPECIALIZATION

Other laboratories are being planned, on the Montreal Urban Community and on Comparative Analysis.

UNIVERSITE DU QUEBEC A MONTREAL

<u>1972-73 FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT</u>	6,000
<u>DEGREES IN POLITICAL SCIENCE</u>	B.A., M.A., Ph.D.

1. FIELDS OF SPECIALIZATION IN TEACHING PROGRAM
Political Theory, International Relations, Public Administration.
2. DEPARTMENT CONCENTRATION
Urban, Eastern Europe, Latin America, Quebec.
3. INSTITUTES
None.
4. DEPARTMENT'S PARTICIPATION IN INSTITUTES - (See 3)
5. PLANS FOR CONCENTRATION AND SPECIALIZATION
None.

SIR GEORGE WILLIAMS UNIVERSITY

<u>1971-72 FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT</u>	6,094
<u>DEGREES IN POLITICAL SCIENCE</u>	B.A.

1. FIELDS OF SPECIALIZATION IN TEACHING PROGRAM

Theory, Canadian Politics, International Relations, Comparative Politics.

2. DEPARTMENT CONCENTRATION

None as such, but increasing number of courses in Canadian politics.

3. INSTITUTES

None.

4. DEPARTMENT'S PARTICIPATION IN INSTITUTES - (See 3)

5. PLANS FOR CONCENTRATION AND SPECIALIZATION

May develop graduate program with specialization in Canadian politics or International Relations.

UNIVERSITY OF WATERLOO

<u>1971-72 FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT</u>	12,284
<u>DEGREES IN POLITICAL SCIENCE</u>	B.A., M.A.

1. FIELDS OF SPECIALIZATION IN TEACHING PROGRAM

- a) Graduate - Canadian and provincial politics, comparative politics
(with emphasis on the developing areas), normative political
theory.
- b) Undergraduate - None.

2. DEPARTMENT CONCENTRATION

None.

3. INSTITUTES

School of Urban and Regional Planning.

4. DEPARTMENT'S PARTICIPATION IN INSTITUTES - (See 3)

Members of the Department have worked in conjunction with members of the
School of Urban and Regional Planning on certain projects.

5. PLANS FOR CONCENTRATION AND SPECIALIZATION

Department is planning the establishment of an Institute of Election Studies.

ODDS AND ENDS

In the May issue of the Newsletter we mentioned the Index to Current Legal Research in Canada that had been published by the Department of Justice (available through Information Canada.) It is intended to make this an annual publication and to do this, the editors are very interested in obtaining information on research work being done in subjects related to law. People involved in this kind of research, or those who would like more information on the index, should get in touch with:

Miss Diana Priestly,
Legal Research and Planning Section,
Department of Justice,
Ottawa K1A 0H8

* * * * *

Dr. Raymond Rodgers has been nominated the NDP candidate in Fraser Valley East for the next federal election.

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THE JOURNAL OF

COMMONWEALTH POLITICAL STUDIES

The Journal of Commonwealth Political Studies is undergoing a number of important changes. The major changes are threefold; an increase in the size of the journal, greater efforts to increase circulation and a change in the title to better indicate the nature of the journal.

It was felt that the flow of material and the need to maintain and expand reviews, review articles and special surveys of the literature on particular topics required more space, and that this should be achieved by increasing markedly the size of each of the three issues rather than by increasing the number of issues.

In regard to subscriptions, the editors of the Journal felt that with more energy and skill on the part of publishers, sales, and particularly North America Sales, could be increased. For this reason, an agreement has been reached with a new publisher. And, partially connected to the last point, a change of title was recommended. This was done not to indicate a new policy but rather to get across to potential subscribers that it was in reality a journal of comparative politics though certainly with special (but not exclusive) reference to Commonwealth Countries.

Starting in 1974, the title will be Journal of Commonwealth and Comparative Politics. A big circulation drive will be undertaken this autumn in preparation for the expanded publication.

INTERNATIONAL SOCIAL SCIENCE COUNCIL

1973 EUROPEAN SUMMER SCHOOL, STRATHCLYDE, SCOTLAND

TRAINING IN COMPARATIVE SOCIAL RESEARCH

The Canada Council made available four scholarships for Canadians to attend the Summer School. The winners are as follows:

Marshall W. Conley,
Acadia University

Lawrence W. LeDuc
University of Windsor

Eugene L. Maltais
University of Alberta

Conrad R. Santos
University of Manitoba

The I.S.S.C. Summer School is intended to advance substantive understanding of European Societies by giving students practical experience in comparative analysis of European data. It offers graduate students and younger faculty a unique chance to use a variety of data sets derived from select and systematic cross-national research.

The topics of this year's Summer School include: Generational Differences
in Individual Behaviour

Public Policy: Within-Nation and Cross-National Variations

The Audience for the Mass Media

Ecological Analysis of Social Data

Coalitions in Government

Class, Religion and Voting

Scaling Techniques

COUNCIL FOR EUROPEAN STUDIES

The Council has attempted since its formation to assist Western European programs at American universities to sponsor visits by European scholars through its Council Fellows Program. In general, nominations to the program are made by a university program, though, in some cases, they are made by the Council itself. The program was originally conceived as a way of making it possible for European scholars already in this country to visit other universities. (For example, Professor Hans Mommsen, who was a visiting scholar at the Institute for Advanced Study at Princeton last year, was nominated for a fellowship by Berkeley, and a visit was arranged to five universities -- Indiana, Michigan, Ohio State, Berkeley and Stanford.) The Council makes the arrangements, and the participating universities share the costs of the scholar's travel and honorarium. (In this case, the cost to each participating university was about \$132.) Inevitably, there have been many variations on the theme -- indeed, it seems that there are more variations than theme. Various efforts have been made by groups of universities to use the program to bring scholars from Europe.

The basic goals of the program are to share the costs of European visitors among several universities and to ensure that European visitors to the United States are able to visit a number of universities during their stay.

Several nominations have been proposed for visitors next year:

1. Stanley Hoffmann has nominated Jean Charlot, a Political Scientist from the Institut d'Etudes Politiques. His fields are political and party systems in Western democracies, and his publications include:

L'Union pour la Nouvelle République, 1967
Les Anglais devant la loi, 1968
Le phénomène gaulliste, 1970
Repertoire des publications des partis politiques français, 1944-1967, 1970
Le gaullisme, 1970
Les partis politiques, 1971

2. Sidney Tarrow from Cornell has nominated Annick Percheron. He writes that Annick

"Will be visiting the US and Canada between August 18th and September 10th, 1973. She is delivering a paper at a panel of the International Political Science Association in Montreal on the earlier date, and is listed as a discussant at a panel of the American Political Science Association towards the later date. In between, Mme Percheron would be available for visits to several American or Canadian universities where there are scholars interested in her specialties of French political socialization, protest and authority in advanced societies, and the left in Western Europe. Mme Percheron is currently completing a study of the political attitudes of French pre-adolescents and is collaborating with Guy Michelat on a study of attitudes to authority in France.

She is also a member of an international research team currently planning comparative research on protest in Western societies. Mme Percheron has worked on French television in the field of children's programming. She has studied at the Institut d'Etudes Politiques of Paris and at the University of Chicago. She was the organizer of a work-shop on methodological approaches to political socialization in June, 1971, at the Foundation des Sciences Politiques in Paris, and she is currently Associated Investigator of the Centre pour l'Etude de la Vie Politique Français.

Percheron's visit will be quite easy to arrange since she will be here anyway. The problem of course, is timing. Most universities haven't gotten started by this time. The proposed Charlot visit will require a rather greater commitment since it would involve bringing Professor Charlot from France.

Departments interested in discussing the possibility of participating in either of these visits should get in touch with:

Stephen Blank,
Council for European Studies,
213 Social Science Building,
University of Pittsburgh,
Pittsburgh, Penna. 15213

* * * * *

In 1974 the Institute of Commonwealth Studies in London is proposing to hold a series of seminars on Canada fortnightly from January to June. The theme is "policy studies". Any student of Canadian politics going to London who would be interested in addressing a post-graduate audience about his own work on any aspect of policy making in Canada (at federal or provincial level) is invited to contact Mr. J.M. Lee at the Institute, 27, Russell Square, London WC1. The seminar will be in English and French .

Nominations to the 1973/74 CPSA Board of Directors

In addition to the list of nominees already mailed out to the members of the Association, the following names should be included:

Members at Large: Naomi BLACK (York)
Michael GOLDRICK (York)

These nominations were made in the correct form and within the deadline but the correspondence went astray in the Nominating Committee's files. The Chairman of the Nominating Committee, Don Smiley, wishes to extend his apologies to these nominees and their nominators for this oversight and ensures them that their names will appear on the final Nominations list presented at the annual meeting.

CANADIAN PLAINS STUDIES CENTRE
UNIVERSITY OF SASKATCHEWAN, REGINA CAMPUS
REGINA, SASKATCHEWAN

Questionnaire Regarding the Viability of a New Journal
in the Field of Western Canadian Studies.

Background:

- Four years ago at the Canadian Plains Research Consultation in Regina the consensus on this subject was that occasional publications would be more advisable than a formal journal. Such publications under the title of *Canadian Plains Studies* are about to appear from the Centre, the first two currently in press.

They will appear in a variety of formats - groups of articles, sometimes solicited, sometimes contributed, sometimes on a single theme, often not. Single papers will sometimes be published as occasional papers, and *Canadian Plains Studies* may from time to time appear as a monograph. Other bibliographical and research publications are planned from the Centre.

- About the same time the Western Canadian Studies Conference was initiated at Calgary, and has since published the conference papers. The Conference has since been recognized as a western section of the Canadian Historical Association, although it appears that it will continue to be interdisciplinary in character. The latest meeting raised the question of a western historical or general studies journal once more, and a committee of Professors Patricia Roy (Victoria), David Bercuson (Calgary), Richard Allen (Regina), and William Smith (Manitoba) was asked to survey the subject and report.

Your opinion on the matter is of considerable importance to us and we would appreciate your response to the attached questionnaire.

In answering we hope you will bear in mind existing publications besides the above, like *B.C. Studies*, *Alberta Historical Review*, *Saskatchewan History*, *Papers of the Manitoba Scientific and Historical Society*, *Journal of Canadian Studies*, and the national disciplinary journals.

Please return the attached Questionnaire as soon as possible to:

Dr. A. R. Allen
Canadian Plains Studies Centre
University of Saskatchewan
Regina Campus
REGINA, Saskatchewan
S4S 0A2

QUESTIONNAIRE

NAME _____ RANK _____

UNIVERSITY OR INSTITUTION _____

DEPARTMENT _____

SPECIAL RESEARCH INTEREST _____

In my experience

the existing journal situation is generally satisfactory (i.e., the various national and provincial disciplinary and interdisciplinary journals, plus *Canadian Plains Studies* and the papers of the Western Canadian Studies Conference)

the existing journal system is not satisfactory, and in particular there is need for

a greater outlet for articles

a better and more extensive review of publications in the field

better bibliographical information

better communication between Western Canadian/prairie scholars in my field

better communication on a Western Canadian/prairie interdisciplinary basis

reports of research in progress

other _____

these objectives can best be met

through existing journals and publications

through new regional disciplinary journals (i.e., a Journal of Western Canadian History)

through a regional interdisciplinary studies journal

any new journal should be oriented to

Western Canada (including B.C.)

the Prairie region.