# NEWSLETTER

# CANADIAN POLITICAL SCIENCE ASSOCIATION

VOL. II - No 5

May 1973

#### IN THIS ISSUE

DEPARTMENTAL SPECIALIZATION - The first answers from the departments as to their fields of specialization and concentrations. This survey will continue in future issues of the Newsletter.

DATA BANK HOLDINGS - This issue publishes information on the holdings in the Data Bank of the Institute of Behavioural Research, York University.

PLUS reports from CPSA Committees and departmental news.

All correspondence relating to the newsletter should be directed to the editor: Caroline Andrew
Department of Political Science
University of Ottawa
Ottawa KIN 6N5

# CALL FOR PAPERS

#### CPSA ANNUAL MEETING, 1974

The 1974 meeting of the Canadian Political Science Association will be held in Toronto, Ontario in early June, 1974.

Members of the profession are invited to submit proposals for papers to be presented at the meetings. At this stage, proposals need include only a working title and a brief outline of the subject.

Members are also invited to suggest other ideas for the programme, including panels they would like to see established, or themes they would like to see discussed at the meetings.

Please note that the 1974 meetings will take place only 10 months after the 1973 meetings, so prospective paper-writers should be planning their activity now.

The Programme Committee will meet to plan the general outline of the 1974 meetings during the CPSA-IPSA conference in Montreal. It will therefore be helpful to have as many suggestions as possible by then.

Proposals and ideas should be sent to:

Richard Simeon, Chairman, CPSA Programme Committee.

Address:

Before July 15, 1973

Department of Political Science University of B.C. Vancouver 8, B.C.

After July 15, 1973

Department of Political Studies Queen's University Kingston, Ontario.

#### MISCELLANEOUS

The federal Department of Justice has just published an <u>Index to Current Legal Research in Canada</u> which is intended to become an annuel publication.

This edition lists the work being done by Canadian law teachers, by the law reform commissions in Canada and by some of the federal government departments. For the next edition the editors are hoping to be able to include some of the work going on in provincial government departments, in sections and committees of the Canadian Bar Association, in the Committees of the provincial law societies and in the Conference of Commissioners on Uniformity of Legislation in Canada.

This publication is available from Information Canada at the cost of \$2.50.

#### Political Modernization and Development - Third World Studies

Recently, while trying to scrounge up some funds to bring political scientists from developing countries to the World Congress, I had some discussions with representatives of the Canadian International Development Agency. The impressions one got from their attitude towards political science was not very encouraging. The main criteria for dispensing funds seemed to be short-termed, pragmatic payoff. Political science and political scientists do not fall in this category. This may or may not be the official policy of CIDA but subsequent conversations have led me to believe that these are pretty broadly accepted attitudes. In addition, while there is distinct fear of becoming "politically" embroiled, there is also great hesitancy to give consideration to the development of political science knowledge about these countries.

It would be interesting to know if political scientists in Canada specializing in the politics of modernization and the studies of third world countries have received similar impressions about CIDA or other Canadian fund granting bodies. If this is a real problem then perhaps the time has come for a representative group of Canadian political scientists specializing in these fields to meet with representatives of Canadian development fund granting bodies. The Canadian Political Science Association would be pleased to help organize such a meeting but the initiative would have to come from specialists in this field who might enter into contact either with other members of the Board of Directors of the Association or write to me directly stating their desires.

John Trent, Secretary-Treasurer.

Registration forms for the World Congress were mailed out to all departments of political science in Canada a number of months ago. Many people did not realize these registration forms were for both the World Congress and the annual meeting of the Canadian Political Science Association (being held jointly this year with the Société canadienne de Science politique). As announced before, the Canadian meetings are being held, on an exceptional basis, on August 18th and 19th, the two days preceding the World Congress, at Sir George Williams University in Montreal. The preliminary programme and various announcements for the Canadian annual meeting will be mailed out to all members of the CPSA in the early part of May. An additional copy of the World Congress registration forms will be included. It is most important that Canadians coming to the annual meeting and/or the World Congress use this form to let us know their intentions, as soon as possible. This is especially true of those seeking accomodations but we would also appreciate it if those who are arranging their own accommodations also send in the registration forms. It is virtually impossible for us to plan the annual meeting and the World Congress unless we receive the registration forms from Canadians during the next month. So please help us out.

The Canada Council has most generously agreed to add an additional sum to the regular travel grant which in previous years was made to the CPSA to assist persons attending the Learned Society meetings. Thus, this year, on an exceptional basis, we hope to be able to offer up to one half of the per diem costs (maximum \$90.00) for those expenses not being covered by departmental travel funds. This is in addition to return, economy air fare for those who are not being supported by their institution. Generally speaking, priority is given to participants in the programme of either the Canadian annual meeting or the World Congress, Association and Congress officials, senior graduate students, junior faculty members, other political science students and other faculty members, - who are members of the Association and who are not receiving travel grants from their institution.

Requests for travel grants stating the exact amount of the economy return air fare and the per diem costs should be sent along with a stamped. self-addressed envelope to the Secretary-Treasurer, Canadian Political Science Association, c/o University of Ottawa, 30 Stewart Street, Room 42, Ottawa, Ontario KIN 6N5.

We have been asked to note that registration fees for the World Congress are \$30 (\$40 after July 1st) and \$15 for students. For the Canadian annual meetings the fees are \$6 and, for students, \$3. Complete sets of papers for the Congress (approximately 200 of them) can be ordered from the International Association for \$50. Individual papers will be on sale at the Congress for \$1.

John E. Trent Secretary-Treasurer.

#### DEPARTMENTAL NEWS

# Sir George Williams University

Summer Session - Political Science and Sociology.

Sir George Williams University is holding a summer session from July 3 to August 10. The following courses will be offered:

Socio-Cultural Cleavages and Party Systems in Western Europe Instructor: Stein Rokkan, Professor of Political Sociology, University of Bergen and Yale University.

Inter-American Relations

Instructor: Daniel Holly, Professor of Political Science, University of Quebec at Montreal.

Society and Politics in the Middle East

Instructor: P.J. Vatikiotis, Professor of Political Science, School of Oriental and African Studies, University of London.

Social Power and Political Process in South Asia
Instructor: W.H. Morris-Jones, Director, Institute of Common Wealth
Studies, University of London.

For further information, contact:

Dr. L.P. Singh,
Director,
Summer Institute in Political Science and Sociology,
Sir George Williams University,
Montreal 107, P. Quebec.
(514) 879-5875

# University of Victoria

Dr. Walter D. Young has been appointed Chairman of the Political Science Department at the University of Victoria. Professor Young is at present Head of the Political Science Department at University of British Columbia, a position he has held since 1969.

He replaces Neil Swainson who has been Chairman for the past four years. Mr. Swainson will start a study leave July 1, which he will spend at the Westwater Research Centre at UBC.

The University of Victoria has appointed Dr. G. Neil Perry as Director of the University's new School of Public Administration. Dr. Perry was with the B.C. Government as Deputy Minister of Education from 1965 to 1970 and with the Federal Government since 1970 in a number of senior positions including that of Deputy Minister of Manpower and Immigration, Program Development Service. Dr. Perry will assume his new position July 1, 1973.

#### COMMITTEE REPORTS

#### COMMITTEE ON THE PROFILE OF THE PROFESSION

The Committee has received some enquiries about the questionnaire they recently sent out and, in particular, about the emphasis placed on questions relating to the place of women in the profession. The Committee is therefore taking this opportunity to explain why the questionnaire was in large part concerned with the question of the place of women in the profession. The principal reasons are as follows:

- 1) This question has been a largely neglected area, one that has not been adequately dealt with either by the Royal Commission on the Status of Women or by recent university investigations.
- The original purpose of the Committee was to study the question of the place of women in the profession. The mandate of the Committee was later broadened but the original purpose was always to remain strong.
- 3) Further studies will be done by the Committee on such questions as economic levels, educational and economic backgrounds as well as the very important matter of french-english relations. In regard to this last question, it is important to add that the C.P.S.A. executive has had this matter under active review for the past three years. Recently a questionnaire was sent out by the CPSA to departmental chairmen on their interest in professor and student exchanges between french and english language universities.
- The Social Science Research Council of Canada (SSRCC) will be taking over the C.P.S.A. directory of political scientists and their research interests and publishing it on a regular basis. This publication seemed, to the Committee, the best means of investigating and making known the research interests of the members of the profession and, for this reason, the questionnaire did not deal with this area.
- 5) The matter of manpower in the profession, particularly in respect to graduate students and the possibilities for employment, is being studied for the C.P.S.A. by Professors Engelmann and Cox. The Committee, therefore, did not feel that this area should be dealt with in the questionnaire.
- 6) The question of Canadian content is being handled by a committee chaired by Professor Paul Fox. This area was therefore also not dealt with extensively in the questionnaire.

The Committee also wishes to report that the questionnaires have been coming in at a gratifying rate. If you have not already sent in your questionnaire, please do so as soon as possible. If anyone has misplaced his copy, another copy can be obtained by writing:

W. Andrew Axline
Canadian Political Science Association,
c/o University of Ottawa
30 Stewart Street
Ottawa, Ont.
KIN 6N5

MEMBERS OF THE CANADIAN POLITICAL SCIENCE ASSOCIATION COMMITTEE ON
THE TEACHING OF POLITICAL SCIENCE IN THE COMMUNITY COLLEGES AND HIGH
SCHOOLS

Atlantic Provinces	r despusable per tenar transfer	Ontario	
Memorial	Rick Butler	Brock	Jim Anderson Jill Vickers
UPEI		Carleton	
Acadia	Marsh Conley	Guelph	Fred Vaughan
Dalhousie	Jim Aitchison	Lakehead	G.R. Weller
St. Francis Xavier	G.P. Smith	Laurentian	E.E. Mahant
St. Mary's	Ron Levesque	McMaster	Roman March
Mount Allison	J.G. Greenslade	Ottawa	Michel De Salaberry
UNB	C.R. Grondin	RMC	D. Moore
St. Thomas	John Dreijmanis	Toronto	Paul Fox
Moncton	Phillipe Doucet	Trent	Vaughan Lyon
		Waterloo	Jo Surich
		Waterloo Lutheran Toivo Miljan	
Western Provinces		Western	Graham Murray
		Windsor	Lloyd Brown-John
Brandon	Leo Liu	York	Rudy Grant
Manitoba	Paul Thomas	Queen's	Hugh Thorburn
Winnipeg	R.A. Khan		a hara D. ser
Saskatchewan	Neil McCormick		
Alberta	Jim Lightbody		
Calgary	Bohdan Harasymiw	Chairman	John Wilson (Waterloo)
Lethbridge	David Elton		
UBC	Walter Young	(List as of April 5, 1973)	
Simon Fraser	Martin Robin	at a company of a l	THE OTHER PARKS
Victoria	Mark Sproule-Jones	and powers	

# SOCIAL SCIENCE RESEARCH COUNCIL OF CANADA

#### COMMITTEE ON COMMUNICATIONS

The Social Science Research Council of Canada is establishing a Committee on Communications "to make a detailed study of the ways and means of improving the communication of social science research findings and policy recommendations both on an inter-disciplinary basis and to a wider public". John Trent, of the Department of Political Science at the University of Ottawa has been asked to chair this ad hoc committee. The committee intends to operate on a two tier basis with a small, active working group and an advisory panel. All social scientists who are interested in:

- better dissemination of the results of social science research and resulting 'social policy recommendations;
- 2. improving communication between the social science disciplines;
- creating new vehicles of communication between social scientists and their various audiences, or improving existing ones;
- 4. generally exploring the effectiveness of informing the public about the nature and activities of social science should let their interest be known to Mr. John Banks, Social Science Research Council of Canada, 151 Slater St., Ottawa.

All are welcome. Please state whether you wish to be on the working committee or on the advisory panel.

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# **MEETINGS**

KEY

SCITEC (the Association of the Scientific, Engineering, & Technological Community of Canada) will hold its Fifth Annual Conference and Business Meeting on May 3rd-4th, 1973 at McGill University, Montreal.

The general theme of the conference will be:

#### PRIORITIES IN SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY FOR CANADA

Emphasis will be placed on Natural and Human Resources, with special emphasis on Energy, Population Growth, and Regional Disparities.

The conference will conclude by establishing Priorities for the Scientific Societies and SCITEC.

# DEPARTMENTAL SPECIALIZATION

One of the important questions being asked of political science departments, as of all University disciplines, is the degree to which the department concentrates its teaching and research in certain areas of the discipline. We have therefore decided to publish information about the kinds of specializations and concentrations that can be found in political science departments across Canada. This issue of the Newsletter contains the information we have so far received; we hope in further issues to be able to complete this information.

The information was received from letters sent to the C.P.S.A. departmental correspondents. The questions asked were as follows:

- Has your department chosen certain fields of specialization for your teaching program at either the graduate or undergraduate level? If so, what are these fields of specialization.
- Other than these fields of specialization, has your department chosen to concentrate on some sub-field or sub-fields of political science? If so, what is this concentration? How is it expressed, through teaching, research, etc?
- Are there any institutes or study centres dealing in any form with politics (e.g. public administration, local government, foreign policy, middle east studies, etc.) either attached to your department or to your university?
- 4) If such institutes or study centres exist, what are they and what exactly are their objectives? How does your department participate in these institutes?
- Has your department any plans for selecting areas of specialization and/or concentration or creating a new institute in the near future. If so, can you indicate even your tentative plans. If not, has this subject been discussed in your department at all?

The answers received are given in the following pages, and the numbers that appear refer to the numbers of the above questions. As can be seen from the charts, we have so far received answers from 18 departments. We hope that by publishing these first results we will encourage the other departments to send in their information. The results would be much more interesting if the information covered all the departments of political science in Canada.

## UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA

1969-70 FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT

17,342

DEGREES IN POLITICAL SCIENCE

B.A., M.A., Ph.D.

#### 1. FIELDS OF SPECIALIZATION IN TEACHING PROGRAM

- a) Graduate Political Philosophy, Canadian Government and Politics,
  Comparative Politics (and Major Systems), International Politics, Law and
  Organization, Political Psychology and Behaviour. Plus supervision
  in empirical theory and methodology, urban and local government and
  politics. M.A. degree program for training of local and provincial
  administrators.
- b) Undergraduate parallels graduate program

# 2. DEPARTMENT CONCENTRATION

None

#### 3. INSTITUTES

No formal institutes - faculty committees or Canadian studies, Soviet and Eastern Europe systems, S.E. Asia.

#### 4. DEPARTMENT'S PARTICIPATION IN INSTITUTES (See 3)

Department represented on faculty committees.

# 5. PLANS FOR CONCENTRATION AND SPECIALIZATION

Department intends to focus somewhat more on Western Canadian politics and political systems.

# UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

1969-70 FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT

19,580

DEGREES IN POLITICAL SCIENCE

B.A., M.A., Ph.D.

# FIELDS OF SPECIALIZATION IN TEACHING PROGRAM

Fields of particular strength: Canadian Politics; International Relations; South and Southeast Asia; China; Japan; Political Behaviour, Political Philosophy.

# 2. DEPARTMENT CONCENTRATION

Department has not chosen a particular field of concentration

# 3. INSTITUTES

Institute for International Relations; Asian and Slavonic Studies Institute; Westwater (Public Administration and Water Research); Urban Studies.

# 4. DEPARTMENT'S PARTICIPATION IN INSTITUTES (See 3)

Department participates by joint seminars and some joint appointments.

# 5. PLANS FOR CONCENTRATION AND SPECIALIZATION

None

1,2522

# UNIVERSITY OF CALGARY

1969-70 FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT

7,962

DEGREES IN POLITICAL SCIENCE

B.A., M.A., Ph.D.

# FIELDS OF SPECIALIZATION IN TEACHING PROGRAM

- Graduate Comparative Politics (broadly defined to include aspects of international relations and Canadian government).
- Undergraduate no chosen field of specialization but emphasis on Canadian Studies because of student demands.

# 2. DEPARTMENT CONCENTRATION

Themes emerging in Department culting across sub-fields; for example,

- systemic approaches
- belief
- development

# 3. INSTITUTES

Institutes emerging in applied Social Science faculties.

4. <u>DEPARTMENT'S PARTICIPATION IN INSTITUTES</u> (See 3)

Department in contact with emerging Institutes.

5. PLANS FOR CONCENTRATION AND SPECIALIZATION

Not in the immediate future

#### UNIVERSITY OF CARLETON

1969-70 FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT

7,139

DEGREES IN POLITICAL SCIENCE

B.A., M.A., Ph.D.

## 1. FIELDS OF SPECIALIZATION IN TEACHING PROGRAM

a) Graduate - Political theory, Canadian Government and Politics, Comparative Government and Politics, International Relations, Public Administration.

# 2. DEPARTMENT CONCENTRATION

None

#### 3. INSTITUTES

School of Public Administration; School of International Affairs; Institute of Canadian Studies; Institute of Soviet and Eastern Europe Studies.

# 4. DEPARTMENT'S PARTICIPATION IN INSTITUTES (See 3)

Department members hold positions in the Institutes, the closest ties have been with Public Administration.

# 5. PLANS FOR CONCENTRATION AND SPECIALIZATION

## GUELPH UNIVERSITY

1969-70 FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT 5,921

DEGREES IN POLITICAL SCIENCE B.A., M.A.

# 1. FIELDS OF SPECIALIZATION IN TEACHING PROGRAM

- a) Graduate Canadian Studies, Contemporary Government and Politics,
   Public Administration, constitutional issues, French Canada.
- b) Undergraduate Political Theory, Canadian Government, Public Administration and Public Policy, Comparative Governments (Western and Developing) International Relations.

# 2. DEPARTMENT CONCENTRATION

Canadian Studies at graduate level.

# 3. INSTITUTES

None

- 4. DEPARTMENT'S PARTICIPATION IN INSTITUTES (See 3)
- PLANS FOR CONCENTRATION AND SPECIALIZATION

Not in the immediate future.

# LAKEHEAD UNIVERSITY

1969-70 FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT 2,364

DEGREES IN POLITICAL SCIENCE B.A.

- 1. FIELDS OF SPECIALIZATION IN TEACHING PROGRAM
  None
- 2. <u>DEPARTMENT CONCENTRATION</u>
  None
- 3. <u>INSTITUTES</u>

- 4. <u>DEPARTMENT'S PARTICIPATION IN INSTITUTES</u> (See 3)
- 5. PLANS FOR CONCENTRATION AND SPECIALIZATION
  Plans for public policy institute.

# LAURENTIAN UNIVERSITY

1969-70 FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT 1,778

DEGREES IN POLITICAL SCIENCE B.A.

# 1. FIELDS OF SPECIALIZATION IN TEACHING PROGRAM

Undergraduate - Methods/Analysis, Comparative International Relations, Philosophy/ Theory, Micropolitics/Behaviour, Public Administration, Canadian.

2. DEPARTMENT CONCENTRATION

None

INSTITUTES

Centre for European Documentation and Research

4. DEPARTMENT'S PARTICIPATION IN INSTITUTES (See 3)

Attached to Department

5. PLANS FOR CONCENTRATION AND SPECIALIZATION

## LAVAL UNIVERSITY

1969-70 FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT 10,372

DEGREES IN POLITICAL SCIENCE B.A. (Social Sciences)

M.A. (Social Sciences)

Ph.D. (Social Sciences)

# FIELDS OF SPECIALIZATION IN TEACHING PROGRAM

- a) Graduate Public Administration, Political Ideologies, Methodology, and Political Theory, Quebec Politics, International Relations.
- Undergraduate International Relations, Public Administration, Political Analysis.

# 2. DEPARTMENT CONCENTRATION

Emphasis on Quebec where courses are appropriate.

# 3. INSTITUTES

Centre québécois de relations internationales; Centre international de recherches sur le bilinguisme; Institut supérieur des Sciences humaines; Centre de recherches en aménagement et en développement.

# 4. DEPARTMENT'S PARTICIPATION IN INSTITUTES (See 3)

Department members participate in activities of institutes.

# 5. PLANS FOR CONCENTRATION AND SPECIALIZATION

Plans for University's orientations to include Public Administration and Aménagement.

# LOYOLA UNIVERSITY

1969-70 FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT 4, 281

DEGREES IN POLITICAL SCIENCE B.A.

1. FIELDS OF SPECIALIZATION IN TEACHING PROGRAM

Department provides a balanced offering of courses to undergraduates.

2. DEPARTMENT CONCENTRATION

None

INSTITUTES

None

- 4. DEPARTMENT'S PARTICIPATION IN INSTITUTES (See 3)
- 5. PLANS FOR CONCENTRATION AND SPECIALIZATION

#### MEMORIAL UNIVERSITY

1969-70 FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT

5,157

DEGREES IN POLITICAL SCIENCE

B.A., M.A.

# 1. FIELDS OF SPECIALIZATION IN TEACHING PROGRAM

- a) Graduate empirical approaches to Nfld politics, combined with relevant studies in political and economic development.
- b) Undergraduate Political Theory and Philosophy; Comparative Politics, Political Behaviour and Processes, International Politics, Canadian Government and Politics.

## 2. DEPARTMENT CONCENTRATION

Several members engaged in research on Nfld politics.

## 3. INSTITUTES

Institute for Social and Economic Research (its orientation has not been political)

4. DEPARTMENT'S PARTICIPATION IN INSTITUTES (See 3)

Department has not had ties with Institute.

#### 5. PLANS FOR CONCENTRATION AND SPECIALIZATION

Discussions held on possible concentration; but these will remain secondary to overall balance.

## MONCTON UNIVERSITY

1969-70 FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT 2,686

DEGREES IN POLITICAL SCIENCE B.A.

FIELDS OF SPECIALIZATION IN TEACHING PROGRAM
 Public Administration

2. DEPARTMENT CONCENTRATION

None

3. INSTITUTES

None

- 4. DEPARTMENT'S PARTICIPATION IN INSTITUTES (See 3)
- 5. PLANS FOR CONCENTRATION AND SPECIALIZATION

# MOUNT ALLISON UNIVERSITY

B.A.

1, 331

DEGREES IN POLITICAL SCIENCE

1. FIELDS OF SPECIALIZATION IN TEACHING PROGRAM

Department is offering more Canadian courses than before.

2. <u>DEPARTMENT CONCENTRATION</u>
None

3. <u>INSTITUTES</u>

No formal Institute but multidisciplinary Canadian Studies program.

- 4. <u>DEPARTMENT'S PARTICIPATION IN INSTITUTES</u> (See 3)

  Department contributes to Canadian Studies program.
- 5. PLANS FOR CONCENTRATION AND SPECIALIZATION
  None

# OTTAWA UNIVERSITY

1969-70 FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT

7,200

DEGREES IN POLITICAL SCIENCE

B.A., M.A.

# 1. FIELDS OF SPECIALIZATION IN TEACHING PROGRAM

Canadian Political Studies and International Relations at both graduate and undergraduate.

# 2. DEPARTMENT CONCENTRATION

Canadian Political Studies and International Relations.

# 3. INSTITUTES

Institut de Coopération internationale; Institut de Droit public, Centre d'Etudes régionales.

## 4. DEPARTMENT'S PARTICIPATION IN INSTITUTES (See 3)

Department members have taught at Institut de Coopération internationale Department has not had ties with others.

#### PLANS FOR CONCENTRATION AND SPECIALIZATION

#### QUEEN'S UNIVERSITY

1969-70 FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT

7,519

DEGREES IN POLITICAL SCIENCE

B.A., M.A., Ph.D.

# 1. FIELDS OF SPECIALIZATION IN TEACHING PROGRAM

Canadian politics, Comparative politics, Political Theory and Philosophy, International Relations, Public Administration - at both graduate and undergraduate.

# 2. DEPARTMENT CONCENTRATION

Strengths in federalism, elections parties, political culture, policy making

# 3. INSTITUTES

Institute of Commonwealth and Comp. Studies, Institute of Local Government, Institute of Intergovernment Relations.

# 4. DEPARTMENT'S PARTICIPATION IN INSTITUTES (See 3)

Department is participating member of Commonwealth and Comp. Studies, other two institutes are associated with Department.

# 5. PLANS FOR CONCENTRATION AND SPECIALIZATION

# ST THOMAS UNIVERSITY

(Affiliated College of University of New Brunswick - enrollment figure is for U.N.B.)

1969-70 FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT 4,806

DEGREES IN POLITICAL SCIENCE B.A.

- FIELDS OF SPECIALIZATION IN TEACHING PROGRAM
   Courses in Comparative Politics, Global Politics, Political Philosophy.
- 2. <u>DEPARTMENT CONCENTRATION</u>
- 3. INSTITUTES

None

None

- 4. DEPARTMENT'S PARTICIPATION IN INSTITUTES (See 3)
- 5. PLANS FOR CONCENTRATION AND SPECIALIZATION

# VICTORIA UNIVERSITY

1969-70 FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT 5,239

DEGREES IN POLITICAL SCIENCE B.A.

- 1. FIELDS OF SPECIALIZATION IN TEACHING PROGRAM

  No particular fields of specialization
- 2. <u>DEPARTMENT CONCENTRATION</u>
  None
- 3. <u>INSTITUTES</u>
  School of Public Administration
- 4. <u>DEPARTMENT'S PARTICIPATION IN INSTITUTES</u> (See 3)
- 5. PLANS FOR CONCENTRATION AND SPECIALIZATION
  None

# UNIVERSITY OF WESTERN ONTARIO

1969-70 FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT

10,698

DEGREES IN POLITICAL SCIENCE

B.A., M.A., Ph.D.

# 1. FIELDS OF SPECIALIZATION IN TEACHING PROGRAM

- a) Ph.D. Canadian Government and Politics, Urban and Regional Studies, Political Theory
- b) M.A. as Ph.D., plus International Relations and Comparative Politics
- 2. DEPARTMENT CONCENTRATION

None

3. INSTITUTES

None

- 4. DEPARTMENT'S PARTICIPATION IN INSTITUTES (See 3)
- 5. PLANS FOR CONCENTRATION AND SPECIALIZATION

#### WINDSOR UNIVERSITY

1969-70 FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT 5,020

DEGREES IN POLITICAL SCIENCE B.A., M.A.

# 1. FIELDS OF SPECIALIZATION IN TEACHING PROGRAM

- a) Graduate Canadian Politics, International Affairs
- b) Undergraduate Canadian, International, Urban, Asian, Political Behaviour

#### 2. DEPARTMENT CONCENTRATION

Research and teaching in International Law, Electoral Behaviour, Regional Government, Public Administration, International Development, Polish Politics, Federalism.

# 3. INSTITUTES

Centre for Teaching about Peace and War (Wayne State University)

4. <u>DEPARTMENT'S PARTICIPATION IN INSTITUTES</u> (See 3)

Department has informal association with centre.

5. PLANS FOR CONCENTRATION AND SPECIALIZATION

# UPDATING INFORMATION ON DATA BANK HOLDINGS

This issue of the Newsletter continues the information on data bank holdings in Canada with a description of the Institute of Behavioural Research's Data Bank at York University. For information supplementary to that given here contact:

Professor Tom Atkinson, Director, Data Bank, Institute for Behavioural Research, York University, 4700 Keele Street, Downsview, Ontario M3J IP3 (416) 667-3026.

One part of the holdings of the Data Bank consists of some 120 of the regular surveys sponsored by the Canadian Institute of Public Opinion (CIPO), based on national samples for the period from 1945 to 1972. For reasons of space, full details on all of these surveys are not included here. However, one example is given to indicate the kind of information that is available on the CIPO surveys. Similar information can be obtained for the others by contacting the Data Bank.

Title

CIPO 351

Data type

Attitude - opinion

Date

January, 1972

Nation(s) Sample size Canada 721

Universe

National adult population

Collector

Canadian Institute of Public Opinion (Gallup)

Primary archive

Data Bank, IBR, York University, Toronto In holdings - limited distribution

Data status Data class

1

Attitude

Change in respect for UN? US capital investments in Canada? Government control of future US investment? Seriousness of

Quebec separation? Preceived desire for separatism in Quebec?
Guaranteed annual income? Change in standard of living? Best federal party for R? Change in attitude toward us? Influence of politics, leader, and candidate on vote? Social class bias in laws? Welfare system? Information leaks in government? Change in opinion of Trudeau as Prime Minister. Stanfield as leader of

in opinion of Trudeau as Prime Minister, Stanfield as leader of Conservative Party, Lewis as leader of NDP Party? Party preference?

Vote in 1968 election?

Demographic

Religion? Marital status? Mother tongue? Education? Occupation of head? Age? Union membership? Sex?

Family income? City size? Province?

Full information on the other primary data holdings (i.e. those which can be disseminated outside York University) is given below. Further information on the availability and costs of this data can be obtained from the Institute of Behavioural Research.

Title

1965 federal election study

Data type

Attitude - opinion - voting

Date

1965

Investigator

Meisel, Converse, Pinard, Regenstreif and Schwartz

Nation(s) Sample size Canada 2113

Universe

National population of listed voters

Collector

Canadian Facts

Primary archive

Data Bank, IBR, York University, Toronto

Data status

In holdings - unrestricted

Data class

1

Attitude

This study was conducted in conjunction with the 1965 federal election in Canada. Question groups were included which focused on the following variables: importance of various issues; perception of the federal and provincial governments; perceived regional and provincial differences; semantic differential rating of parties; perception of party leaders; current party preference and past voting behavior; parents' party preference; political interest and information; contact with campaign activities of parties; past, present and perceived financial status.

Demographic

Province. Constituency. Marital status. Occupation of head. Education. Social class identification. Religion. Church attendance. Nationality of ancestors. Birthplace. Date of immigration. Language spoken at home. Community size where raised. Previous residence in other provinces. Union membership. Other organizational memberships. Sociability. Age. Family

income. Sex. Community size.

Title

1968 federal election study Attitude - opinion - voting

Data type Date

1968

Investigator

John Meisel, Dept of Pol. Studies, Queen's University, Kingston

Nation(s) Canada

Sample Size

Universe

National population of listed voters

Collector

Canadian facts

Primaty archive

Data Bank, IBR, York University, Toronto

Data status

In holdings - unrestricted

Data class

Attitude

This study was conducted shortly after the federal election of June, 1968. The questionnaire included items dealing with: personal satisfaction. Important national problems. Party to solve national problems. Importance of three levels of government. Attitudes toward medicare, welfare, economic issues including unemployment, housing, inflation, regional inequalities and wheat sales. Importance of majority government. Status of Quebec. Attitude toward government position on major issue. Political alienation and efficacy. Trustworthiness of federal government. Fairness of law enforcement. Personal financial situation. Difference in parties. Semantic differential rating of ideal party, liberal, progressive conservative, new democratic party, creditiste, and social credit parties. Federal and provincial party identification. Consistency of past votes in federal and provincial elections. Knowledge of riding candidates. Voting frequency. Rating and importance of party: leaders, members of parliament, riding candidate, campaign and party as a whole. Perceptions of Canada and self as english or french oriented. Expectation of Quebec succession. Importance of national problems. Attitudes toward: foreign policy, US - canadian relations, military affairs, constitutional change, punishment of criminals, strikes, social heterogeniety. Organizational participation of R and spouse. Outcome of TV debate. Montreal pre-election riot.

Demographic

Marital status. Occupation of R and head. Education. Fathers' education. Social class identification. Religion. Church attendance. Parents' religion. Friends' religion. Birthplace. Date of immigration. Nationality of ancestors. Languages spoked at home, with friends, and at work. Language studied in school. Age. Income.

Title

Government information study

Data type

Attitude - opinion

Date

1968

Investigator

Morris, Morris, Hoffman, Schindeler, Lanphier, York Uni-

versity

Nation(s)

Canada

Sample size

6799

Universe

National population age 15 and over

Collector

Canadian facts

Primary archive

Data Bank, IBR, York University, Toronto

Data status York archive In holdings - unrestricted In holdings - unrestricted

Data class

Attitude

The questionnaire included clusters of items related to: desire for expanded governmental services in the areas of guaranteed annual wage, foreign ownership of canadian industry, wealth redistribution, pollution control, aid to poor countries, university education, public housing, and welfare benefits. Knowledge of federal and provincial responsibility for policy areas.

Exposure to federal advertising and sources of information. Interest in governmental affairs. Type of interactions with federal officials. Knowledge of government jurisdiction.

Political efficacy and alienation. Reliance on federal or provincial

sources of information. Attitudes toward civil servants. Preference for provincial or federal government. Desired

means of communicating with government.

Demographic Province. Community size. Sex. Family composition. Ma-

rital status. Occupation of R and head. Education. Age. Religion. Income. Own or rent home. Type of dwelling. Rated socio-economic status. Mother tongue. Language spo

Rated socio-economic status. Mother tongue. Language spoken at home. Birthplace of R and parents. Length of residence

in Canada.

Title

Ontario NDP Support Study

Date type

Attitude - opinion

Date

1967

Investigator

John Wilson, Waterloo University, David Hoffman, York Uni-

versity

Nation(s)

Canada

Sample size

1043

Universe

Voting age population of Ontario

Collector

Canadian facts

Primary archive

Data Bank, IBR, York University, Toronto

Data class

2

Attitude

Political interest? Party identification? Most important issues in election? Extent of government activities? Importance of federal and provincial government? Liked and disliked characteristics of provincial conservative, liberal and NDP? Preferred Ontario Premier and reasons for preference? Vote in 1965 federal election? Vote in 1963 provincial election? Vote switching in provincial and federal elections? Importance of party leader, party program and local candidate on vote

of party leader, party program and local candidate on vote decision? Vote intention in coming provincial election? Reasons

for vote? Expected outcome of provincial election?

Demographic

Ontario region? Occupation of R and head of household? Sex and age? Social class identification? Education? Union membership? Family income? Socio-economic class? Language? Ethnic group? Religion? Church attendance? Constituency?

Urban - rural?

Title

Ontario political culture study Data type Attitude - opinion - voting

Date

1968

Investigator

Hoffman and Schindeler, Dept of Pol. Sci., York University

Nation(s) Sample size

1958

Universe Collector

Ontario adult population

Primary archive

Survey Research Centre, York University, Toronto

Data status

Data Bank, IBR, York University, Toronto

Data class

In Holdings - Unrestricted

Attitude

Clusters of items related to: perceptions of levels of govern-

ment - federal, provincial and local - and their interlationships. Perceived support for political parties. Perceived hostility between major social groups. Political participation. Perceived citizen responsibility. Information about political figures and responsibility of levels of government for policy areas.

Voting behaviour in provincial and federal elections. Factors influencing voting preferences. Nationalism, conservatism and alienation scales. Effectiveness and desirability of government action on wealth redistribution, guaranteed annual wage, divorce laws, foreign ownership. Aid to poor countries,

pollution, public housing, welfare programs, university education. Satisfaction with country and province. Satisfaction with life in general and changes in it. Perceived factors in getting ahead. Self-description on various demographic and political attitude dimensions. McClosky scales of elitism, intellectuality, faith in government, political impotence, business

ideology, liberalism - conservatism, populism, acquiescence, intolerance of political conflict, life satisfaction.

Demographic

Birthplace. Immigration date. Geographic mobility. Size place where raised. Travel outside Ontario. Former residence in other provinces. Country of father's family. Language

spoken at home. Ethnioity. Education of R and head. Occupation of R and head. Union membership. Income. Religion. Church attendance. Age. Sex. Marital status. Composition of family and household. Citizenship. Community size. Constituency.

Title

Mobility of migrants and immigrants to Alberta - 1947 - 71 Attitude - opinion, mobility

Data type Date

19)

1971

Investigator

Fred Sukdeo, University of Guyana, Georgetown, Guyana

Nation(s)

Canada

Sample size

Universe Collector Primary archive Immigrants and migrants in metropolitan Alberta Survey Research Centre, York University, Toronto

Data Bank, IBR, York University, Toronto

York archive In holdings - unrestricted

Data class

This study investigates the characteristics of migrants to Attitude

metropolitan Alberta between 1947 and 1971. Major sets of questions concern their: place of origin, reasons for emmigrating and migrating to Canada, personal characteristics when they emmigrated, mobility patterns since arriving in Canada and Alberta, ethnic group identification and interactions, anticipated future mobility, intent to become citizen, problems and discrimination encountered as immigrants, encourage of and help

for other immigrants, extent to which expectations were fulfilled, opportunities for immigrants in Alberta, ideal family size,

likes and dislikes about city, province and country?

Demographic

Electoral district? Enumeration area? Census tract? Marital Status, sex and age of R, head and spouse? Type and characteristics of residence? Birthplace of head? Date entered Canada and Alberta? Language? Birthplace of R and parents? Education? Family size and composition? Nationality? Income? Religion? Ethnicity? Church attendance? Occupation? Employment

Jean Laponce, Dept. of Pol. Sci., University of British Columbia

history?

Title

Data type Date

Investigator

Nation(s) Sample size

Universe Collector

Primary archive

Data status Data class

Attitude

Vancouver - Burrard study Attitude - opinion - voting

1963 and 1965

Canada

345 and 300

Listed voters in Burrard federal riding in Vancouver

J. Laponce and students

Data Bank, IBR, York University, Toronto

In holdings - unrestricted

This is a two wave study done in the federal riding of

Vancouver - Burrard. The 1963 questionnaire contained items concerning: vote in last federal and provincial elections. Liking ratings of the liberal, progressive conservative, NDP and social credit parties. Semantic differential ratings of the four major national party leaders - Diefenbaker, Pearson, Douglas and Thompson. Perceived voting preferences of social

and economic groups.

Importance of prime minister and parliament.

Threat to Canada from communism, capitalism, communist China, England, the US, Jews, Catholics, Protestants, trade unions, big business, Russia. Parents and spouse voting preferences. Attitudes toward discipline in schools, nuclear weapons for canadian forces, the US, honesty of politicians, death penalty, health insurance, astrology.

The 1965 questionnaire included: attitudes toward school discipline, nuclear weapons for canadian forces, the US, honesty of politicians, death penalty, health insurance, religion classes in schools, obedience of children, astrology. Vote in 1963, and 1962 federal elections. Vote in 1963 and 1960 provincial elections. Importance of prime minister and parliament. Current party preference. Preferred distribution of parliament seats among major parties. Perceived voting preferences of social and economic groups. Threat to Canada from communism, capitalism, communist China, the US, Jews, protestants, catholics, french canadians, unions, big business, Russia, automation, american ownership, immigrants. Voting preferences of parents, spouse, brothers and sisters, children and friends. Knowledge of the names of the federal and provincial leaders and candidates of the major parties. Liking ratings for major national parties and their leaders. The 1963 wave included: length of residence in riding. Education. Sex. Age. Marital status. Family size. Religion. Ethnic origin. Union membership. Political party membership. Rated socio-economic class. Value of home.

Demographic

The 1965 questionnaire included: sex. Age. Marital status. Family size. Occupation of R and head. Father's occupation. Religion. Ethnic origin. Union membership. Political party membership. Education. Media exposure. Lenght of residence in home and province. Type of housing. Rated socio-economic status.

Title

Data type

Date

Investigator Nation(s)

Sample size Universe

Collector

Primary archive

Waterloo south election study Attitude -option - voting

1964

John Wilson, Dept. of Pol. Sci., University of Waterloo Canada

606

Voting age residents of Waterloo south federal riding

Data Bank, IBR, York University, Toronto

York archive Data class

In holdings - unrestricted

Attitude

Vote in 1964 by - election? Party affiliation? Vote in 1963 federal election? Vote in 1963 provincial election? Organizational

participation? Importance of local candidate, leader and policies

in vote? Campaign information received? Most important election issues? Knowledge about candidates? Influences

on vote? Candidate of party orientation?

Demographic

Region within riding? Length of residence in riding? Employment status? Union membership? Own or rent home? Social class identification? Intergenerational mobility? Age? Sex? Relationship to head? Marital status? Education? Place of birth? Language? Religion? Family composition? Occupation of R and Head?

Title

Data type

Date

Investigator

Nation(s) Sample size

Universe Collector

Primary archive

York archive Data class

Attitude

Neighbourhood opinions and attitudes

Attitude - opinion

Anthony Richmond, Dept of Sociology, York University

Canada 316

Heads of households in Toronto urban renewal areas Survey research centre, York University, Toronto - project 110

Data Bank, IBR, York University, Toronto

In holdings - unrestricted

Reasons for residential or geographic mobility? Plans for future move? Reasons for future move? Satisfaction with neighbourhood? Transportation to work? Local shopping patterns? Children's transportation to school? Perceived similarity to neighbours? Preferred neighbourhood characteristics? Awareness of and attitude toward area renewal and property expropriation? Satisfaction with housing? Interest in low cost public housing? Perceived characteristics of public housing? How property was purchased? Home improvements made or planned? Social class identification? Places visited in Toronto? Organizational membership and participation? Job satisfaction? Attitude items on: education, prejudice, alienation? Perceived discrimination against own ethnic group? Chapin participation scale

scores? Satisfaction with children's education?

Family composition? Age and sex of head and spouse? Marital Demographic status? Number of families in household? Language spoken?

Ethnicity? Length of residence in country, province, city, neighbourhood and house? Size of dwelling? Size of household? Own or rent? Type of landlord? Amount of rent? Religion? Church attendance? Education? Employment status? Occupation? Income? Father's occupation?

Title

Ontario provincial election candidates study

Data type

Legislator - elite

Date

1967

Investigator

David Hoffman, Dept. of Political Science, York University

Nation(s) Sample size Canada 1598

Universe Collector

MPP candidates in Ontario David Hoffman and others

Primary archive

Data Bank, IBR, York University, Toronto

York archive

In holdings - unrestricted

Data class Attitude

none

Demographic

Region in Ontario? Constituency? Party affiliation? Sex? Age? Ethnic origin? Marital status? Religion? Education? Occupation? Social class? Occupation prestige? Interest group affiliation? Length of party membership? Status as party official? Convention participation? Length of residence in constituency? Previous involvement as candidate? Elected offices held?

Incumbency as MPP? Length of tenure as MPP? Percent of 1967 votes received? Urban-rural composition of constituency? Number of registered voters in constituency? Party of 1967

winner?

Title

Cross national five community participation study

Data type

Attitude

Date

1969

Investigator Nation(s) Prof. R. Agger, Dept. of Sociology, McMaster Czechoslovakia, Yugoslavia, Canada, United States

Sample size

1482

Universe

Heads of households in five communities

Collector

Differed by country - canadian work done by York SRC

Primary archive

Data Bank, IBR, York University, Toronto

York archive

In holdings - unrestricted

Data class

Attitude

Participation in local social, religious, political and educational institutions? Held leadership positions in local organizations? Awareness of local educational, cultural, health, economic and political organizations? Perceived adequacy of, or satisfaction with, local educational, cultural, health, welfare, economic, recreational, housing, public service, and political services? Interest in the areas mentioned above? Involvement in the above areas? Type or nature of involvement in various areas, i. e. conversations, meetings, etc.? Reasons for lack of involvement? Need for change in areas mentioned above? Type of change needed in educational institutions? Most important area in need of change? Type of support R would give to support change? Desire for information in areas mentioned above? Local opportunities for development of own abilities? Responsiveness of local officials? Value of friends, income, leisure, work and education? Media exposure? Importance of above mentioned areas in evaluating a community as a place to live? Attitude scales on internal - external control, alienation, conservatism, extroversion, optimism, self esteem, misanthropy, efficacy, achievement motivation, introspection dogmatism, intellectuability, need for friends and affiliation? Change in financial status? Willingness to leave community?

Demographic

Income? Employment status? Occupation of R and spouse? Father's occupation? Occupational mobility? Job training? Length of community residence? Education of R and spouse? Desired education for children? Marital status? Number of children at home? Age? Religion? Church attendance? Sex?

Title

Black Africa national data

Data type

Date

Primary 1940 - 1966

Cross national

Inversigator

Morrison, Mitchell, Paden, Stevenson at University of Ibaden, Swathmore, Northwestern University, York University respec-

tively

Nation(s)

Botswana, Burundi, Cameroon, Car, Chad, Congo-Bra, Congo-Kin, Dahomey, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Ivory Coast, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Malawi, Mali Mauritania, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, Sudan, Tanzania,

Togo, Uganda, Upper Volta, Zambia

Sample size Universe

Black african nations

Collector

African national integrated project

Primary archive

Data Bank, IBR, York University, Toronto

York archive

In holdings - unrestricted

Data class Demographic

This data set contains a number of variables in the following

areas: demography and ecology(10); cultural pluralism, language and religion(20); labour, energy and investment(19); social economic welfare(15); education (75); communications and transportation (21); political regime characteristics (15); political parties and elections (18); extent of government influence (17); military and security systems (19); political instability (28); international economic aid (13); international trade (20); international relations (9); urban patterns (8);

and ethnic patterns (14).

Title

Enumeration area housing file (short form)

Data type

Census

Date

1971

Nation(s)

Canada

Sample size

National population aggregated into 42,000 enumeration areas

Universe

Population of Canada

Collector

Census division, Statistics Canada

Primary archive

Statistics Canada

Data status

In holdings - unrestricted

Data class

2

Demographic

Count of total dwellings. Dwellings by tenure. Dwellings by type. Dwellings by number of dwellings in building. Dwellings by number of rooms. Dwellings by water supply. Dwellings by bath facilities. Dwellings by toilet facilities. Dwellings

by persons per room

Title

Enumeration area demographic file (short form)

Data type

Census 1971

Date Nation(s)

Canada

Sample size

National population aggregated into 42,000 enumeration areas

Universe Population of Canada

Universe Collector

Census division, Statistics Canada

Primary archive

Statistics Canada

Data status

In holdings - unrestricted

Data class

Demographic

Total population by sex. Age groups for males and females. Marital status for males and females. Mother tongue for males and females. Persons aged 5 and over not attending school full - time by schooling level

Title

Enumeration area family file (short form)

Data type

Census

Date

1971 Canada

Nation(s)
Sample size

National population aggregated into 42,000 enumerations areas

Universe

Population of Canada

Collector Primary archive Census division, Statistics Canada

Data status

Statistics Canada

Data status

In holdings - unrestricted

Data class

2

Demographic

Count of total families. Families by age of head. Families by number of persons. Families by number of unmarried children (aged 0 - 24 years). Families by type. Families by marital status and sex of head. Family heads by mother tongue. Non - family persons by household status and sex. Non - family

persons by mother tongue.

Title

Enumeration area household file (short form)

Data type

Census 1971

Date Nation(s)

Canada

Sample size

National population aggregated into 42,000 enumeration areas

Universe

Population of Canada

Collector

Census division, Statistics Canada

Primary archive

Statistics Canada

Data status

In holdings - unrestricted

Data class

2

Demographic

Count of total households. Households by type. Households by number of persons. Households by number of families. Households by number of lodgers. Household heads by sex showing age.

Household heads by sex. Household heads by marital status

showing sex.

Title

Enumeration area demographic file 1 (long form)

Data type

Census

Date

Nation(s)

Canada

Sample size

National population aggregated into 42,000 enumeration areas

Universe

Population of Canada

Collector

Census division, Statistics Canada

Primary archive

Statistics Canada

Data status

In holdings - unrestricted

Data class

2

Demographic

Total population by age groups for males and females. Birthplace for males and females. Immigrants by period of immigration
for males and females. Birthplace of parents for males and
females. Canadian born population by birthplace of parents
for males and females. Country of citizenship for males and
females. Ethnic groups for males and females. Religious
denomination for males and females. Language spoken
at home for males and females. Official language for males

Title

Enumeration area demographic file 2 (long form)

Data type

Census

and females.

Date

1971 Canada

Nation(s)

National population aggregated into 42,000 enumeration areas

Sample size Universe

Population of Canada

Collector

Census division, Statistics Canada

Primary archive

Statistics Canada

Data status

In holdings - unrestricted

Data class

2

Demographic

Total population by age groups for males and females. Persons aged 15 and over by school attendance for males and females. Persons ages 5 and over attending school full - time by schooling level for males and females. Persons aged 5 and over not attending school full - time by schooling level for males and females. Persons aged 15 and over with some schooling by province where highest grade attended for males and females. Persons aged 15 and over by post secondary school years for males and females. Persons aged 15 and over by university degree for males and females. Persons aged 15 and over

by vocational training for males and females.

Title

Enumeration area demograthic file 3 (long form)

Data type

Census

Date

Nation(s)

Canada

Sample size

National population aggregated into 42,000 enumeration areas

Universe

Population of Canada

Collector

Census division, Statistics Canada

Primary archive

Statistics Canada

Data status

In holdings - unrestricted

Data class

2

Demographic

Total population by age groups for males and females. Persons aged 5 and over by migration status for males and females. Persons aged 5 and over by number of intermunicipal moves for males and females. Persons ever married by age when first married for males and females. Women ever married by number of children born alive for present age of mother.

Men aged 35 and over by war service.

Title

Enumeration area economic characteristics file (long form)

Data type

Census

Date

1971

Nation(s)

Canada

Sample size

National population aggregated into 42,000 enumeration areas

Universe

Population of Canada

Collector

Census division, Statistics Canada

Primary archive

Statistics Canada

Data status

In holdings - unrestricted

Data class

2

Demographic

Male population aged 15+ who worked in 1970 by employment income. Male wage earners in labour force by wage and salary income. Population aged 15+ by marital status for males and females. Labour force by marital status for males and females. Population 15+ by age for males and females. Labour force

by age for males and females.